THE DAILY GAZETTE.
PUBLISHED EVERY MORNING.
(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.)
PENNIMAN, REED & CO.,
Proprietors.
P. E. PENNIMAN.....JOSIAH KING.
W. P. HOUSTON.....N. P. REED.
Editors. Business Managers.
OFFICE, GAZETTE BUILDING,
Nos. 84 AND 86 FIFTH STREET.
Leading Republican Paper of Western Pennsylvania.
OFFICIAL PAPER OF PITTSBURGH AND ALLEGHENY CITY.
LARGEST, CHEAPEST and BEST FAMILY and COMMERCIAL PAPER in the State.
TERMS OF THE DAILY:
Single copy..... 2 cents.
Delivered by Carriers, per week 15 "
Mail Subscribers, per year.....$6 00.
Address, GAZETTE,
PITTSBURGH, PENNA.

The Pittsburgh Gazette

A WORTHY CANDIDATE.

The loyal voters of the Commonwealth ask no higher tribute to the worth and character of Judge Williams than the following neat compliment paid him by the only daily Democratic paper of Western Pennsylvania the day following his nomination. It said:

"The nomination of the Hon. Henry W. Williams as a candidate for Judge of the Supreme Court is a good one. He was the best man named before the Republican Convention, and possesses legal and moral qualifications for the responsible position to which he has been nominated. Both parties have now presented their candidates. An important duty has been faithfully discharged by the respective conventions. The campaign may now be conducted *without personal aspersions*, and decided upon the principles of the two great parties. This is as it should be. It is an auspicious sign of the times, and if the county conventions are equally fortunate in the selection of legislative candidates, there will be a stop put to the deplorable corruption at the seat of government under a new reign of honest men and conscientious legislators.—*Pittsburgh Post, June 28th, 1867.*

The *Post*, in referring to the above, on the 29th of August, was pleased to say

"We have nothing to take back or modify. Of Judge Williams' private or legal reputation we have nothing but words of praise, and however it may suit some pugnacious and handy politicians, we cannot bring ourselves to view personal assaults as either wise or politic."

OUR FRIENDS throughout the county will lay us under obligations by sending or bringing us the returns from their respective wards, boroughs or townships, as early on Tuesday night as possible.

FOR A PERIOD OF FORTY YEARS this country was agitated by heated discussions growing out of the question of Slavery. Various settlements were made, each of which was vaunted as final. But the controversy was not determined. Every fresh scheme of adjustment only made the matter worse, until at length a devouring war broke out, which became so hot that it consumed Slavery entirely. Why did all previous efforts at settlement prove abortive? Because they were based on compromises. Each side felt it was cheated, and resolved to obtain amends, and so the strife went on. Absolute justice, moreover, clamored for satisfaction, and would not desist till it got it.

With all this living in the recollections of men there are those who insist that the residue of the controversy shall be settled deceitfully—by another compromise—rather than according to the demands of intrinsic justice and the naked requirements of the public safety. The thing is impossible. There is only one way out of the existing trouble, and that consists in going square through on fundamental principles. All temporizing must end in disappointment, as has been experienced often. Let us now have a settlement that shall remain, because bounded in equity.

AT THE New York Democratic State Convention, held last week, Mr. HORATIO SEYMOUR, who presided over its deliberations, sounded the key-note of the policy upon which the Democrats will conduct the approaching presidential canvass. His proposition is to save the entire interest of the national debt by calling in the bonds and issuing legal tender notes instead. This he conceives to be easy enough provided the notes can be kept at the value of gold. That is the rub. So far the notes have been nowhere near par, and the additional issue would not help their case. Of course, this implies the breaking up of the National Banking system.

Perhaps, however, his idea is to cancel the bonds by paying them up in legal tender notes, and then getting sufficient Judges of the pattern of Mr. SHARSWOOD, to declare the legal tenders unconstitutional and void. That would make short work both of taxation and the national debt.

THREE of the five Judges of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania have decided the Legal Tender Act to be constitutional. The other two have decided it is not. Mr. Sharswood has recorded his judgment with this minority. If he shall be elected to the Supreme Bench the decision of the court, which gives stability to monetary affairs in this Commonwealth may be speedily reversed. Vote for Mr. Williams.

THREE YEARS AGO the Democrats of Pennsylvania assembled in State Convention, and asserted "that the war as waged by the government for the suppression of the rebellion, was a failure." Ever since they have been laboring to make that judgment good. Even now they are endeavoring to give public affairs such a turn that all the sacrifices of blood and treasure incurred by loyal men shall come to naught.

THE MAN who votes to place the Government in the hands of the party who sought to destroy it, for fear the party who said it shall give "ignorant and degraded negroes" an equal chance with himself in the race of life, must have a very humble opinion of his own abilities. If he fears that these moral and intellectual cripples will distance him, unless they are chained to a tale, he must feel himself not very swift of foot.

DURING THE WAR the rebels prayed for nothing more than for democratic success at the northern elections. Northern democrats were anxiously yearning for rebel victories on the battle-fields of the South. Both were condemned to disappointment. Now they are united in desiring the election of Mr. Sharswood, and through like motives. Defeated in the field, they hope to regain what they lost at the ballot-box.

THE grand issue is between the President and Congress in the matter of Southern reconstruction. Every Republican ought so to vote as to throw his whole weight in favor of Congress. In that way only can the great controversy in this nation be so closed out as to promote the ends of justice and secure liberty to all who ought to enjoy it.

THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY demonstrated all through the war that it was unfit to be trusted with the conduct of public affairs. Can the men who exulted at the defeat of Union armies be safely trusted with the great work of reconstructing the Union.

IF THE Republicans secure a full vote, and guard against the frauds contemplated by the Democrats, they will win a most cheering victory. See to it forthwith that arrangements are made to bring out all the voters.

THE DEMOCRATS charge the Republicans with extravagance in the administration of public affairs. Right over against this accusation stands the fact that during the last year the State debt was reduced by the sum of $1,794,644.50.

STATE VOTE OF 1866.

We give below the vote in Allegheny county at the Governor's election in 1866, for convenience in comparing the vote of the election which takes place to-morrow:

DISTRICTS.	GOVERNOR 1866. JOHN W. GEARY, R.	SUPREME JUDGE. Hiester Clymer, D.	SUPREME JUDGE. HENRY W. WILLIAMS, R.	SUPREME JUDGE. George Sharswood, D.
PITTSBURGH.				
First ward	471	317		
Second ward	507	197		
Third ward	183	741		
Fourth ward	468	217		
Fifth ward, 1st p	285	241		
Fifth ward, 2d p	390	342		
Sixth ward, 1st p	806	448		
Sixth ward, 2d p				
Seventh ward	307	180		
Eighth ward	532	310		
Ninth ward	642	287		
Tenth ward	296	268		
ALLEGHENY.				
First ward	723	202		
Second ward	831	309		
Third ward, 1st p	640	193		
Third ward, 2d p	275	300		
Fourth ward, 1st p	695	266		
Fourth ward, 2d p	291	194		
Fifth ward				
Sixth ward				
Seventh ward				
BOROUGHS.				
Birmingham, 1st p	276	172		
Birmingham, 2d p	347	220		
Braddocks				
Bellvue				
Duquesne	207	113		
Elizabeth	136	82		
East Birmingham	82	58		
Lawrenceville, 1st p	234	203		
Lawrenceville, 2d p	312	244		
Manchester	509	305		
Mt. Washington	171	79		
M'Keesport	312	162		
Monongahela	81	68		
South Pittsburgh	276	143		
Sharpsburg	184	176		
Sewickley	164	32		
Temperanceville	191	148		
Tarentum	143	38		
West Elizabeth	56	32		
West Pittsburgh	165	112		
TOWNSHIPS.				
Baldwin	222	128		
Collins, 1st precinct	307	145		
Collins, 2d precinct	49	47		
Crescent	28	40		
Chartiers	114	116		
East Deer	125	47		
Elizabeth	582	224		
Fawn	104	24		
Franklin	55	76		
Findley	108	142		
Harrison	168	84		
Hampton	109	59		
Indiana	186	152		
Jefferson	159	122		
Lower St. Clair	247	408		
Liberty	293	137		
Marshall	41	82		
M'Clure	218	179		
M'Candless	72	84		
Mifflin	339	310		
Moon	120	106		
Neville	45	3		
North Fayette	121	78		
Ohio	172	69		
Oakland				
Pine	407	628		
Patton	125	96		
Peebles	129	78		
Pitt	422	299		
Plum	170	87		
Penn	212	80		
Reserve	304	334		
Robinson	225	94		
Richland	79	46		
Ross	187	141		
Scott	151	81		
South Fayette	157	49		
Shaler	279	130		
Sewickley	87	31		
Snowden	165	68		
Upper St. Clair	85	71		
Union	160	80		
Versailles	267	220		
West Deer	154	39		
Wilkins	416	135		
Total	15511	12795		
Geary's majority	2,716			

IN DISCOURSING of the election to be held in this State to-morrow, the New York *Tribune* says:

"Henry W. Williams is the regular and honored nominee of the Republican party, and we most ardently hope and work for his election. Why? Because he is a true, loyal, able, thoroughly qualified man; because he is the unanimous choice of the party, and therefore represents the governmental policy and the local issues for which we humbly labor. Of his fitness there can be no question nor born of malice. He is in the prime of life, with mental faculties in full vigor; he has had sixteen years experience upon the bench; he has had an unusually thorough judicial education and training; he has been one of the ablest and most successful lawyers in the State; his breadth of information in the studies of the profession is most extraordinary, reaching not only to the common questions of the courts, but running into all the special inquiries likely to come before the bench that he ought so soon to adjudicate. His character for uprightness, integrity, and high morality is beyond question. He has the respect, confidence, and esteem of all who know him. His decisions and rulings during the sixteen years he has been upon the bench have commanded very general acquiescence; and even when appealed from they have been in a large majority of cases affirmed, often with very marked expressions of approval from the court above, which has frequently been satisfied to affirm the judgment solely for the reasons expressed by the judge below."

Every word of this splendid eulogy is true. Mr. WILLIAMS is eminently fitted for the place for which he has been nominated. His election will exert a large and favorable influence upon the course of national affairs. His defeat would certainly aggravate all existing complications and cast the shadow of doubt over the future. Thus inspired and admonished, the Republicans ought to-morrow to do their whole duty.

COL. FORNEY in his last published letter from Europe says:

"There was not a spot I visited in England which did not recall my native State, Pennsylvania, either in the names, the manners, or the religion of the people. A thousand things heretofore unaccountable, happening in every community, and almost at every household "at home," have been explained during my observations. After passing out of the door the yeoman, our guide, who knew that we were Americans, discovering that we came from Pennsylvania, reminded us that William Penn, the founder of our Commonwealth, was born in 1644, near Tower Hill, within a court adjoining London wall. The empire which he planted in the prime of life has not yet completed the second century of its existence, and yet there is not a district in Europe in which the substantial arts are more successfully cultivated, the blessings of civilization more equally diffused, and the happiness and liberty of men so completely secured."

THERE has been no possible danger to the Republican cause in Pennsylvania, except the apathy of its friends. That source of danger has disappeared from the minds of all but comparatively a few. Let these tardy ones be well aroused. Confident of a victory, we want it to be not only telling but conclusive. Let every man work as if he still apprehended difficulty, and as though success depended on his individual efforts, and on Tuesday night ample recompense will be heralded over the telegraphic wires.

GOV. SEYMOUR, of New York, in his speech before the Democratic State Convention, was very severe on President JOHNSON's revenue officers, whom he accused of defrauding the government out of one hundred and fifty millions of dollars annually. But he did not say a word about his other political friends, in Philadelphia, who have been running one hundred stills in contravention of law, and mobbed the officers who undertook to stop the illicit manufacture.

COL. FORNEY in his last published letter from Europe says:

"There was not a spot I visited in England which did not recall my native State, Pennsylvania, either in the names, the manners, or the religion of the people. A thousand things heretofore unaccountable, happening in every community, and almost at every household "at home," have been explained during my observations. After passing out of the door the yeoman, our guide, who knew that we were Americans, discovering that we came from Pennsylvania, reminded us that William Penn, the founder of our Commonwealth, was born in 1644, near Tower Hill, within a court adjoining London wall. The empire which he planted in the prime of life has not yet completed the second century of its existence, and yet there is not a district in Europe in which the substantial arts are more successfully cultivated, the blessings of civilization more equally diffused, and the happiness and liberty of men so completely secured."

THERE has been no possible danger to the Republican cause in Pennsylvania, except the apathy of its friends. That source of danger has disappeared from the minds of all but comparatively a few. Let these tardy ones be well aroused. Confident of a victory, we want it to be not only telling but conclusive. Let every man work as if he still apprehended difficulty, and as though success depended on his individual efforts, and on Tuesday night ample recompense will be heralded over the telegraphic wires.

GOV. SEYMOUR, of New York, in his speech before the Democratic State Convention, was very severe on President JOHNSON's revenue officers, whom he accused of defrauding the government out of one hundred and fifty millions of dollars annually. But he did not say a word about his other political friends, in Philadelphia, who have been running one hundred stills in contravention of law, and mobbed the officers who undertook to stop the illicit manufacture.

THERE is reason to apprehend the equinoctial storm may be in progress on the day of the election. Let no Republican stay away from the polls on that account.

ESTABLISHED A.D. 1786

Pittsburgh Gazette.

VOLUME LXXXII.---NO. 231. PITTSBURGH, MONDAY, OCTOBER 7, 1867. PRICE THREE CENTS.

FIRST EDITION.

MIDNIGHT.

IMPORTANT FROM EUROPE.

The Italian Insurrection.

PAPAL TROOPS REPULSED BY THE INSURGENTS.

Public Meeting at Turin.

ADDRESS FROM GARIBALDI.

Fenian "Scare" in London.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ITALY.

THE INSURRECTION—LATEST DISPATCHES—PAPAL TROOPS REPULSED.

LONDON, October 4.—*Midnight.*—A message has just been received from Florence, announcing that the insurgent troops, having a strong position near Bagnarea, in Viterboverea, were attacked by the Papal forces. A short, sharp fight resulted in the defeat of the attacking party, who were obliged to hastily withdraw. The losses are not stated. The effect of this victory is very inspiriting to the party of action.

PUBLIC MEETING AT TURIN.

A public meeting of the friends of Garibaldi was held at Turin yesterday. Revolutionary speeches were made by many distinguished persons. The enthusiasm was unbounded. A meeting of like character is in contemplation in other cities of Italy.

ADDRESS FROM GARIBALDI.

Though a prisoner at Caprera, Garibaldi has issued a stirring address to his followers, which is published to-day. He recites at length the grievances of Italy, and asks his countrymen to redress them now. He appeals strongly to their patriotism and urges all his friends to march forthwith to Rome.

ENGLAND.

RUMOR OF ANOTHER FENIAN OUTBREAK.

LONDON, October 5.—Late yesterday afternoon advices were received by the authorities to the effect that an attack by Fenians on one of the armories in this city might be expected during the night. Government troops were accordingly posted at the different armories, and other precautionary steps also taken, which prevented the threatened outbreak.

BUCHANAN & CO.'S FAILURE.

GLASGOW, October 5—*Evening.*—It is reported that Buchanan & Co., of this city, recently announced as having failed, will be fully able to pay all indebtedness.

WAR APPREHENSIONS.

LONDON, October 5—*Evening.*—The *Standard* of this city, in a leading article this morning, says the general arming of France is exciting apprehensions of a winter campaign.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LIVERPOOL, October 5.—This being a holiday, there is no business doing in grain. Wheat is 9d for white California and 10s 10d for red Western. Barley; 5s 3d for American. Oats; 5s 7d for Canadian. Peas 46s for American. Beef 115s 6d. Pork 72s for city prime mess. Bacon; 44s for middles. Lard; 54s 6d for American. Cheese; 52s for middling American. Tallow 45s. Petroleum; 13d for spirits, is 5½d for refined.

LONDON, October 5.—Market unchanged.

ANTWERP, October 5.—Petroleum is dull.

LONDON, October 5—3 P. M.—Consols, 94¾, 5-20s, 73¾; Illinois Central, 77¾; Erie, 40¾; Atlantic and Great Western, 23¾ for city.

FRANKFORT, October 5.—5-20s, 74½.

NEW YORK CITY.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, Oct. 5, 1867.

THE MONETARY PANIC ENDED.

The monetary pinch seems to have ceased for the moment, and the opinion generally prevails that there will be more ease and steadiness next week.

MORTUARY REPORT.

The deaths in New York for the week were four hundred and seventy-one. Among them was Mrs. Avonia Jones Brooke, the actress, who died on Friday evening. A death from yellow fever is reported at Yonkers.

WHISKEY SEIZURES.

Whiskey seizures continue. One owner, however, is jubilant over the release of four thousand gallons of spirits which were seized a short time since.

ANOTHER VICTIM.

Andrew Weber, another victim of the stabbing affray on Broadway on Thursday night, died last evening. Lawrence Erhardt, the assassin, has been held to await the action of the grand jury.

FENIAN MATTERS—STEAMER PURCHASED—OTHERS IN SERVICE.

The *Sun* says: A prominent member of the Fenian organization, a Congressman, was present at the recent sale of government vessels at the navy yard, Brooklyn, and became a purchaser of one steamer, said to be admirably adapted for blockade running. Two steamers, one of which answers minutely to the description of the suspicious craft reported by cables, left this port some seven weeks since. From one of the vessels late reported messages have been received in Ireland. From the other nothing has been heard since she parted company with her consort, Her destination was the north coast of Scotland.

COLLISION AND SERIOUS LOSS OF LIVES.

A serious accident occurred on the Pennsylvania Northern Central Railroad at Millersburg, on Friday morning. The up and down express trains collided, injuring the locomotives and scattering baggage in every direction. A colored boy from Harrisburg was killed and a few passengers received slight contusions.

MORE GOVERNMENT VESSELS SOLD.

Ten Government steamers were offer ed at auction, at Philadelphia, yesterday. The Mackinaw brought $17,500, the Gen. Grant $16,400, the Mingo $16,000; the others were withdrawn.

NATIONAL BANKING LAW AMENDMENT.

A Washington special says an effort will be made to amend the national bank law, so as to give the Secretary of the Treasury and Comptroller of Currency the right to call for a bank statement for any week during the quarter.

STEAMER ARRIVED.

The steamship City of Boston, from Liverpool on the 25th ult., passed Sandy Hook at 1:15 P. M. She will be up in the course of the night.

BOSTON.

Fires—Flaming Mill Burned—Harvard College Barn Fired by an Incendiary—Preparations to Receive General Sheridan.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BOSTON, October 5.—A fire broke out this morning at No. 383 Federal street, in the planing mill of Alderman Fitch, which destroyed that building and badly damaged those adjoining. Alderman Fitch is an extensive builder, employing some two hundred hands, and was the principal owner of the building. His loss is $75,000, mostly insured. The losses of other owners and occupants are also large. The flames spread were wood and mainly occupied as workshops.

A large barn in West Roxbury, owned by the Harvard College, and occupied as a farm barn by Mr. Motley, was burned this morning with eighty-three valuable imported sheep, fifty-seven Alderney cows, two horses and a great quantity of hay. The fire was the work of an incendiary.

SHERIDAN RECEPTION ARRANGEMENTS.

Preparations are completed for a grand reception to Gen. Sheridan on Monday. He will be received at Seven Hill Station, Dorchester, and escorted by the Roxbury Horse Guards through Roxbury to the city line, where Mayor Norcross, for the city government, will extend a welcome. A procession, composed of the officers of the city government and a large number of the military will escort the General through the principal streets to the Revere house. Governor Bullock will establish his headquarters at the same hotel, and official visits will be exchanged. The members of the city government will subsequently be presented, as also the National, State and City officers, Board of Trade, military and other organizations. A grand serenade will be given in the evening, and the Army of the Republic will parade in a torch light procession. The General leaves on Tuesday morning for Albany, stopping an hour each at Worcester and Springfield.

BOSTON, October 6.—There is every indication that a grand popular welcome will be extended to General Sheridan to-morrow, in which the people generally will participate. The banks and many business houses will be closed, and the school children will have a holiday. The military display will probably exceed anything of the kind ever seen in Boston.

HAMPTON CEMETERY.

Laying of the Corner Stone of the Soldiers' Monument—Disinterment of Bodies in Other Cemeteries.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

FORTRESS MONROE, Oct. 5.—The laying of the corner stone of the monument to be erected in the Soldiers' National Cemetery, situated on Hampton Creek, took place this afternoon in the presence of a large and brilliant assemblage. The monument will cost, when finished, $12,000.

The Cemetery, at Yorktown, and smaller ones in the vicinity of Suffolk, Norfolk and Portsmouth are being rapidly broken up and the bodies reinterred in the Hampton Cemetery, which, when finally completed, will contain about 10,000 bodies.

River Items.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

LOUISVILLE, Oct. 5.—River stationary with 2½ inches in the Canal.

INDIAN AFFAIRS.

General Augur Serving on the Indian Commission in the Absence of General Sherman—Latest Information Concerning the Council to be Held in November.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, October 6.—The Indian Peace Commissioners left here this afternoon for Fort Harker. General Augur, who has been appointed on this Commission, during General Sherman's absence in Washington, left Omaha to-day and will join the party *en route*.

The steamer "Only Chance," from Fort Benton, Montana, arrived at Omaha on Friday night, with three millions in treasure and two hundred passengers.

The Indians had stolen some horses from the Northwestern Fur Company, near Fort Buford, and killed three men.

The latest information received from Superintendent Murphy, who is in charge of the Indians already assembled at Medicine Lodge Creek, where he remains as a sort of hostage, is of the following purport: "Little Robe," "Medicine Arrow," "Bull Bear," "Tall Bull" and "White Horse," Chiefs of the unruly dog soldiers, have promised to come in. One of the runners employed by Mr. Murphy left Little Robe's village Sept. 28th, and he had just arrived. He promised to come into the Council, and said that he had been out on the last raid that he would make. Little Robe had about two hundred warriors with him and had returned from committing depredations on the railroad.

Mr. Murphy further telegraphs that Roman Nose had been in to see him and went away promising to be present at the council.

A dispatch was received yesterday from Mr. Heavyrin, dated Fort Laramie, stating that Iron Shell, a Brule Sioux, had come into that place with all his people. He had been induced to be encamped near Fort Laramie until the Council to be held at Laramie in November.

Red Cloud has been heard from Red Cloud, and there are no assurances that this hostile chief will come into the council.

Sixteen thousand three hundred and ten acres of public lands were entered at the Denver Land Office in September.

Extensive preparations were making for holding an agricultural fair at Denver this week.

SAINT LOUIS.

Lacledo Course Races—A Base Ball Match—Lamb & Quinlan's Affairs.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, October 5.—In the continued race from yesterday on the Lacledo Course to-day, Ruth won the last heat and the race. Mc Quarty was declared distanced, not having won a heat in the race. The fourth regular event of the day was mile heats, free for all horses that have not won money at this meeting, purse three hundred dollars. The following were the entries, all of which, except the gelding by Matt Davis, McKay's grey colt by Engineer, Turner & Johnson's Chicamauga, and Craig & Sons' bay mare Chamaingo, won the race in two straight heats—time, 1:54, 1:51.

The second event was a three mile heats, purse $1,000. The entries were, Shaw's Jim Baker, McKay's Lady Thorn, Bell's Fannie Brown, and Johnson & Duggie's Duke of Orleans, all of which came to the scratch except the latter, Lady Thorn won. The first heat was won by Duke, Walker second, Wynn third, Fannie last—time, 5:51. The second heat was taken by Mary Walker, Duke second, Walker third—time, 5:47½. The third heat was taken by Wynn easily—time, 5:53.

In a base ball match to-day, between the Union and Hope clubs of this city, for the championship of Missouri, the Union won—score, 41 to twenty-two. On Thursday next the Unions nine will play against a picked nine from St. Louis, when James McBride, the celebrated pitcher of the Athletic club, of Philadelphia, who is now in this city, will pitch against the Unions.

The liabilities of Lamb & Quinlan, who failed here a few days ago, are about three hundred and forty-five thousand dollars; assets about four hundred and sixty-seven thousand dollars.

ADVICES PER CUBA CABLE.

Havana Markets—Mexican Intelligence—Funeral Ceremonies and Military Review.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

HAVANA, October 5.—Exchange unchanged; Gold, long, 7¾. Sugar quiet and unchanged. Provisions unchanged.

Dates received from the City of Mexico to the 2d inst., state: The funeral ceremonies over the fallen heroes and a grand military review took place at Vera Cruz on the 1st, 2d and 3d of October.

Rafard Garrira was made Governor and Military Commander of the State of Puebla on the 1st ult.

Mr. Otterburg has arrived here from Mexico.

HAVANA, Oct. 6.—A late arrival from Vera Cruz brings the following news:

Father Ardoso has been consecrated Bishop.

Molla, wife of Santa Anna, has petitioned President Juarez for the release of her husband without success.

Baron Van Magnus, Prussian Ambassador, has returned to the city of Mexico.

Gen. Tavera has been appointed Governor of Tamaulipas, and Gen. Antillon has been made Governor of Guanajuato.

The property of Juarez is not confiscated as reported, but he has been fined fifty thousand dollars.

Seven per cent. of the property, whose ground distinction is that it demands equal rights and exact justice to all men, and insists on maintaining inviolate the public faith. My whole political life, and my whole public conduct, pledge me to this, and I rejoice in the belief that the noble people, whose cause has been my pride to serve in days not long past, will on the one hand sternly refuse their sanction to any violation of national contracts, and on the other generously extend the right of suffrage to all men to whom it is at present unjustly denied. With these few words, and thanking you again and again for the kindness of your welcome to-night, and for the kindness with which you have followed me ever since I entered public life, you will now permit me to bid you good night.

GEORGIA.

Weather Cold and Raining.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

SAVANNAH, Oct. 5.—The weather is cold and rainy. In Western Georgia very gloomy, heavy rains are being reported.

SAVANNAH, GA., Oct. 6.—A heavy freshet at Live Oak has washed away the track of the Atlantic and Gulf Railroad in several places. The train due this morning has not yet arrived.

NEW ORLEANS.

Deaths from Yellow Fever.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 5.—Ten yellow fever deaths for the twenty-four hours ending this morning were fifty-nine.

Death of a Wisconsin Pioneer.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MILWAUKEE, Oct. 5.—Hon. C. C. Shaler, one of Wisconsin's noblest pioneers, and for many years General Northern Agent of Telegraph Company, died at Kenosha, at one p. m., to-day, of typhoid fever.

The Origin of "Dixie."

A writer in the New Orleans *Delta* says:

I do not wish to spoil a pretty illusion, but the real truth is that Dixie is an indigenous Northern negro refrain, as common to the writer as the lamp-posts in New York city, seventy or seventy-five years ago. It was one of the every day allusions of boys at that time in all their out-door sports. And no one ever heard of Dixie's land being other than Manhattan Island, until recently, when it was erroneously supposed to refer to the South from its connection with pathetic negro allegory. When slavery existed in New York city, "Dixy" owned a large tract of land on Manhattan Island, and a large number of slaves. The emancipation act, and the spirit of abolition sentiment, caused an emigration of the slaves to more thorough and secure latitudes, and the negroes who were thus sent off naturally looked back to their old homes, where they had lived in clover, with feelings of regret, as they could not imagine any place like Dixy's. Hence, it became synonymous with an ideal locality, combining ease, comfort and material happiness for the poor negro. Dixy was in their infancy, and any subject that could be wrought into a ballad was eagerly picked up. This was the case with Dixie. It originated in New York, and underwent the proportions of a song there. In its travels it has been enlarged, and has gathered moss. It has picked up a note here and a note there, a chorus has been added to it, and from an indistinct chant of two or three notes it has grown into a diffuse melody. But the fact that it is not a Southern song cannot be rubbed out. The fallacy is so popular in the south, that I have thus been at pains to state the real origin of it.

The Opal Mania.

There is an opal mania raging in Paris just now. It is not simply a fashion, it is a superstition. It grew out of a very ordinary circumstance. A Russian countess had a noble lover, who, having to depart on a long journey, left her as a memento, a set of opals. When he had been absent a month, the lady opened her casket and found that the opals had changed their color. They had grown very pale. That day she heard of her lover's illness. A few days after she found on consulting her jewel oracles that the opals were merely dust and powder. The same evening an envelope bordered with black, informed her that her lover was dead. Since then the fashionable present from a gentleman to a lady is an opal. Young girls who are betrothed will accept nothing else from their affianced husbands. And every time the men are absent their sweethearts consult the opals to see if they are false or true, sick or well.

The wise men of Paris find that while the opal mania is on the fair sex it would be useless to expostulate or to try to explain causes and efforts. "The opals crumbled and he died," is the staggering answer to reasoning. But before our readers invest too largely in opals, the following is worth consideration: Turquises, pearls and opals all die out in certain atmospheric circumstances. They lose their brilliancy when dead, but instead of attributing to them a knowledge of the health or feelings of those who offered them, it would be well be ascertain what has affected them. Acid damp kills them; an opal touched by vinegar falls into calcinated powder.

—"Mamma," said little Alice, "do you know how I get to bed so quick?" "Why, I just put one foot in the crib, then say 'rats' and scare myself right in."

ALABAMA.

The Election—Convention Carried—Yellow Fever at Mobile.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MONTGOMERY, October 5.—Returns from thirty-four counties, about one-half the State, are received. The Convention has more than 11,000 votes over the required one-half.

MOBILE, October 5.—There were three deaths from yellow fever during the twenty four hours ending this evening.

MINNESOTA.

Accidentally Drowned—Hotel and Other Buildings Burned.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MINNEAPOLIS, Oct. 5.—Russell Parker, lately of Canada, was accidentally drowned this afternoon.

The Bennett House and five adjoining buildings were burned on Friday. Loss ten thousand dollars.

LOUISVILLE, KY.

Steamboat Ella Faber Sunk.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

LOUISVILLE, October 6.—The steamer Ella Faber, from Louisville for Henderson, Ky., sunk near Cannelltown yesterday. The boat was valued at $15,000, and was insured in Louisville offices. She can be raised. No lives were lost.

Death from Yellow Fever in Massachusetts.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BROOKFIELD, Mass., October 6.—John Hulsley, a man about forty years of age, died in this city of yellow fever to-day. He was from Memphis, Tenn., *en route* to Nova Scotia, and arrived here last night.

Acquitted of Arson.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BINGHAMTON, N. Y., October 6.—Dr. Thomas J. Gardner, indicted with Dr. Edward Turner, for burning the Inebriate asylum in this city, after four days' trial has been acquitted. This also clears Turner.

Weather Reports.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHARLESTON, October 6.—The weather cool and invigorating.

SAVANNAH, October 6.—The heavy rains in Florida still continues.

Chicago Cattle Market

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, Oct. 5.—Beef Cattle quiet, at $6,00@6.50 for good to choice shipping. Hogs still and undanged.

SECOND EDITION.

THREE O'CLOCK A. M.

FROM WASHINGTON.

OUR SECURITIES IN EUROPE.

THE PHILADELPHIA HABEAS CORPUS CASE.

National Currency Matters.

GEN. SHERMAN ARRIVED.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, Oct. 6, 1867.

UNITED STATES SECURITIES IN EUROPE—DEPRECIATING INFLUENCES.

The tenor of all official information from Europe is to the effect that recent speeches on finances are being used by speculators and parties hostile to the United States with the greatest industry, and with considerable effect, is depreciating our national credit; that United States bonds have fallen very considerably, mainly through these influences, within the last week; and that Rentees telegram has manifested the utmost alacrity in disseminating reports concerning our finances, bearing the worst constructions, and even an absurd rumor that the bonds were to be called in, and has gained considerable credence, that the November interest on bonds is to be paid in greenbacks instead of gold. To these statements and reports an official reply has been published that, proceeding in any expression on this subject is useless, as no one can reasonably doubt that even with a moderate degree of prosperity the paper currency of the United States will be on a par with gold long before the time the gold-bearing securities of the United States shall be presented for payment, the first issue of 5.20 bonds having yet about fourteen years to run. Therefore, it is asserted that the present discussion, as to whether the present bonds are payable in gold or not, leads to no practical good.

FRACTIONAL CURRENCY PRINTING.

The Printing Bureau of the Treasury Department is printing fractional currency to the extent of one hundred thousand dollars daily, that amount being necessary to replace the defaced currency returned for redemption.

PHILADELPHIA HABEAS CORPUS CASE.

Some of the newspapers are wrong in their statements concerning Attorney General Stanberry's opinion in the Philadelphia habeas corpus case. The fact is briefly stated that the Court had authority to issue the writ, and to compel a return, and the production of the body of the party in custody. The first heat was won by Duke, Walker second, Wynn third, Fannie last—time, 5:51. The second heat was taken by Mary Walker, Duke second, Walker third—time, 5:47½. The third heat was taken by Wynn easily—time, 5:53.

In a base ball match to-day, between the Union and Hope clubs of this city, for the championship of Missouri, the Union won—score, 41 to twenty-two. On Thursday next the Unions nine will play against a picked nine from St. Louis, when James McBride, the celebrated pitcher of the Athletic club, of Philadelphia, who is now in this city, will pitch against the Unions.

The liabilities of Lamb & Quinlan, who failed here a few days ago, are about three hundred and forty-five thousand dollars; assets about four hundred and sixty-seven thousand dollars.

ADVICES PER CUBA CABLE.

Havana Markets—Mexican Intelligence—Funeral Ceremonies and Military Review.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

HAVANA, October 5.—Exchange unchanged; Gold, long, 7¾. Sugar quiet and unchanged. Provisions unchanged.

Dates received from the City of Mexico to the 2d inst., state: The funeral ceremonies over the fallen heroes and a grand military review took place at Vera Cruz on the 1st, 2d and 3d of October.

Rafard Garrira was made Governor and Military Commander of the State of Puebla on the 1st ult.

Mr. Otterburg has arrived here from Mexico.

HAVANA, Oct. 6.—A late arrival from Vera Cruz brings the following news:

Father Ardoso has been consecrated Bishop.

Molla, wife of Santa Anna, has petitioned President Juarez for the release of her husband without success.

Baron Van Magnus, Prussian Ambassador, has returned to the city of Mexico.

Seven per cent. of the property, whose ground distinction is that it demands equal rights and exact justice to all men, and insists on maintaining inviolate the public faith. My whole political life, and my whole public conduct, pledge me to this, and I rejoice in the belief that the noble people, whose cause has been my pride to serve in days not long past, will on the one hand sternly refuse their sanction to any violation of national contracts, and on the other generously extend the right of suffrage to all men to whom it is at present unjustly denied. With these few words, and thanking you again and again for the kindness of your welcome to-night, and for the kindness with which you have followed me ever since I entered public life, you will now permit me to bid you good night.

VIRGINIA.

Nominations for the Convention—Wife Convicted of Murder—Trial of Jeff. Davis Will Certainly Take Place.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

RICHMOND, October 5.—It is understood that the colored voters here have agreed to run three whites and two blacks for the Convention. Messrs. Hunnicutt and Wardwell are the two whites most prominently named.

A Republican negro meeting in Henry county nominated G. L. Swann for the Convention, throwing out Judge Fontaine.

The latter is a candidate for the nomination.

Mrs. Annie E. Kirby, on trial for the murder of her husband, has been sentenced to seven years in the Penitentiary.

The trial of Jeff. Davis certainly take place in November. Counsel on both sides are ready. He is expected to arrive here about the 15th of October.

The distilleries around Richmond last month turned out twenty thousand gallons of whiskey, while in July last they only distilled five thousand gallons.

PHILADELPHIA.

**

The Pittsburgh Gazette

MONDAY, OCTOBER 7, 1867.

UNION REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

FOR JUDGE OF SUPREME COURT:

HENRY WARREN WILLIAMS,

Of Allegheny County.

SENATE:

RUSSELL ERRETT, of Robinson Tp.

ASSEMBLY:

GEORGE WILSON, Oakland.
WILLIAM R. FORD, City.
ALEXANDER MILLER, McKeesport.
AUGUSTUS RICHARDS, Reserve Tp.
GEORGE R. RIDDLE, Allegheny.
DAVID L. SMITH, Allegheny.

PROTHONOTARY:

JACOB H. WALTER, City.

TREASURER:

Maj. J. P. DENNISTON, Liberty Tp.

COMMISSIONER:

A. PILLOW, Tarentum.

CORONER:

WILLIAM CLAWSON, City.

POOR DIRECTOR:

R. M. DAVIS, Sewickley.

JURY COMMISSIONER:

CHARLES PUGH, Manchester.

CONSOLIDATION.

This business community, consisting of nearly two hundred thousand persons, is now governed by twelve different municipal authorities; each acting under different and dissimilar charters, and enacting discordant and conflicting laws, as the local jealousies, rivalries, or caprice, of either may happen to determine. The act of consolidation seeks to unite these discordant elements under one homogeneous city government.

The old maxim, *"united we stand, divided we fall,"* is as applicable now as it was when used by our Revolutionary fathers. The universal practice of our people in all parts of the country, from that day to this, proves its truth. All the large prospering towns and cities in our country have experienced the disadvantage of being restricted and cramped within their original narrow limits, and have found it necessary, from time to time, to extend them, and have profited thereby. This is the natural consequence of the healthful growth of any prosperous community. As it increases in numbers, business and wealth, it needs an expansion of territory. A single united municipal government is as necessary for the larger territory as for the smaller one. This has been the experience and history of all our large cities, and has proved beneficial to all; as none have ever desired to go backward, and divide a large, united city into separate fragments.

We need not cite the example of distant cities; a reference to those of our own State will be sufficient. Philadelphia has gone through the process of consolidation. Its former condition was similar to that of our own at present. The embarrassment caused by the conflicting legislation of so many corporations, in the same community, induced the people to seek a remedy in consolidation. That measure having been happily accomplished, the good effect of it, after several years of experience, have been found to be all that its friends anticipated. And the people affected by it, are now nearly unanimous in the opinion that it was a wise measure, and that it has proved to be eminently beneficial to the value of property, the convenience of the inhabitants, and to the prosperity of the whole community. And we are assured by well informed people of that city that if the question was now open for re-consideration, not one in ten would vote for going back to their exploded system of separate municipal corporations.

The experience of our own neighborhood has been similar. The city of Pittsburgh has already had four different boundaries, increasing from five wards to ten. Allegheny has had three different boundaries within a single year past, increasing from four to seven wards. These smaller consolidations among ourselves at home have proved to be equally beneficial to the people affected by them. So it will prove to be in the larger consolidation now to be accomplished; for the same reasons which were applicable in the former cases are equally applicable in the present. No one among us would now seriously propose to disunite the districts which have been consolidated in either Allegheny or Pittsburgh, and relapse into the former separate corporations. A few years hence we may look back with surprise that any opposition, however feeble, could have been manifested to a measure so evidently beneficial.

The obvious advantages to be derived from consolidation, may be briefly stated to consist in having one single municipal government to manage the public business of one compact business community; one single legislative authority, instead of twelve sets of councilmen, to enact municipal laws; one chief executive officer, instead of a dozen mayors or burgesses, to execute the municipal laws and to overlook all city affairs; one uniform police system, pervading all parts of the corporate territory, acting everywhere, under the same laws, and the same rules, instead of twelve sets of men acting under different laws and rules, to preserve the peace and good order of all; one united fire department under one head, serving wherever duty or need may require, without halting at an ideal line of separation between different corporations; one City Engineer, instead of a dozen, to regulate streets and grades to accord with each other and with a general system, in different districts; one treasury; one set of assessors; and one sanitary system for all of the inhabitants.

These observations are general; but there are some features in the Act of consolidation which demand the special attention of the voters of Allegheny. If the bridges are purchased by the new corporation, the amount to be paid by the people in the northern district will be in proportion to the assessed value of their property compared with the valuation in the whole of the new corporation:

The total valuation in the whole of the new corporation is stated to be	$95,071,883
And the valuation of property in the northern district is	6,983,927
If all the bridges are purchased, for the sum stated, the cost will be	606,250
The proportion of this cost falling on the tax payers, in the northern district, is	189,844
And if the bridges are paid for by issuing 7 per cent. bonds, the portion of interest to be paid thereon by that district will be	13,295
The amount of tolls collected on all the bridges over the Allegheny river, every year, is	94,741
Of this sum we estimate that full two-thirds is paid by the tax payers residing in the northern district, which amounts to	67,094
If the bridges are made free the tax payers will be relieved from these tolls, and will pay instead the interest on bonds as above stated, amounting to	13,295
Thereby making a clear gain every year of	$ 53,799

which is equal to seven mills to the dollar on all the taxable property in the district.

Now, we ask the careful attention of every voter in Allegheny, Sharpsburg, and the townships, to these figures; and to bear in mind that by voting for *consolidation* he votes to relieve himself from the perpetual annoyance of paying taxes in the shape of bridge tolls, and also for saving to the tax-payers of the northern district about fifty thousand dollars every year.

There is also another feature of the act of special interest to the tax-payers in the parts of McClure and Reserve townships, recently annexed to Allegheny. Under the law, as it now exists, those tax-payers are assessed at the rates of city taxation on their farms and gardens. But under the act of consolidation they will pay only two-thirds of those rates. By voting for consolidation they will thereby reduce their taxes one-third.

Some one says Semmes made a very good pirate, but a bad editor, although he did a corresponding amount of stealing in both professions.

INTERNAL REVENUE.

The first quarter of the current fiscal year closed on Monday. This, therefore, is a good period at which to make a comparison with the working of this branch of the Government during the present and last fiscal year. According to the figures published, the receipts at Washington for the month of September just closed, were $13,154,606 99, while those for the same month in 1866, were $23,714,718 66, showing a decrease of $20,530,111 67. The receipts of the entire quarter, ending on Monday, were $55,766,314 42, while those of the same quarter a year ago, were $98,837,162 85. The difference between the receipts of these two quarters is $43,071,848 43. One year ago the receipts averaged a little more than one million of dollars each day; this year they average only a trifle above six hundred thousand a day. A part of this decrease is accounted for by the fact that the annual assessment was made two months earlier this year than heretofore; hence a large portion of that list was collected before the close of the last fiscal year. This change was made in revised law, passed March 3d, 1867. But the whole of the decrease cannot be accounted for in this manner. The enlargement of the free list under the present law will account for a part of it. Should the receipts during the whole year continue at this rate, they will be nearly fifty millions of dollars less at the close of the fiscal year, than they were at the last.

There is no question in which the whole people have a greater interest than in this of internal revenue, and the national debt. If the tax on the two articles of whisky and tobacco, as imposed by law, could be fully collected, our debt would be reduced at least seventy-five millions of dollars more a year than it now is. But the collection of the tax on whisky, thus far, at least since it has been raised to two dollars a gallon, has baffled the efforts of the officers at Washington. It would seem as if either the law or the administration of it is defective. The present tax is fully six hundred per cent. on the original cost of the article. This statement is alone sufficient to show how great is the temptation to fraud. The history for the past year shows very conclusively that the tax on whisky has in fact debauched the whole country in regard to that question. Instead of receiving at least one hundred and twenty millions of dollars tax from this source, the Government receives less than thirty millions a year. Public sentiment seems to show that the law is not in unison with the public mind. Laws, to be effective, must be in harmony with the popular sense of of justice and equality, so far as the citizens are affected. The evident tendency of the present law is the creating of mammoth distilling establishments, and the breaking up of all small ones, whether in the hands of honest or dishonest owners. Here, we apprehend, is the great difficulty in regard to this subject.

The New Third Party—Another Letter from "L. M."

EDITORS GAZETTE:—A renowned member of the Philadelphia Bar, in bidding farewell to a favorite pupil, gave him this advice: "When you can't answer the arguments of an opponent, call them absurd, false, preposterous, and abuse him as strongly as you dare. This will pass for a full answer with most people." The editor of the *Evening Advocate*, believing in this sort of answer, attempts no reply to my former letter, but simply stigmatizes it as a "communication of falsehoods." This is an ambiguous epithet, at best, and calls for no more than a passing notice. As to the challenge, I refuse, for the present, to give my name, but assure the *Evening Advocate* that I am a member, in good standing, of a Trade Union, and faithful to all my duties as such, though refusing to recognize in it a political association. I concede to my fellow-workingmen honesty of intent and integrity of purpose. I acknowledge their right to support and vote for whomsoever their consciences approve; and I claim the same right and *will exercise* it. In differing from them I am as sincere and conscientious as any of them. I am ready to give my reasons for firm adhesion to the Republican party; I suffered and fought as manfully as any for my country, regardless of self, and shall ever do what I regard as best for my whole country, regardless of my own personal interests. This is not idle boasting, but written sincerely as in the sight of the Searcher of Hearts. One word to Mr. Edward Sullivan and my brother-workingmen, and I will pass from what may seem egotism to argument. Never be hasty in judging those who differ from you, either in political or other matters, but allow to all, in this thinking land, the right to think for themselves. If they err in judgment or views, strive by reasonable argument to convince them of their error; but never quarrel or impute wrong motives unless you *know* them to be insincere.

In my former letter I spoke of the third party of 1860—that in it were thousands of honest, loyal men, all must admit, and yet all who supported its nominees, did unquestionably indirectly, but positively, help the so-called democracy. Concede honesty of intention, and the fact is still the same, that thousands of those who leathed the corrupt democratic party, were *used by that party* to divide and overcome the known majority against it.

But that was not an isolated instance of the cunning of the said party, in using its honest opponents. Knowing well that to regain their lost power in the country by any direct means was utterly impossible, the Copperhead leaders have long been scheming to break up the Republican party into factions on side or false issues. No lie, however barefaced, has been spared. Possessing no principles itself, and changing its professed principles at each election, the Democratic party has ignored or falsified the principles of the Republican party, and has sought to fasten abominable political heresies upon the best and purest of American citizens. Distorting the noble position of the Republican party in favor of Manhood Suffrage and Equal Justice, the Democracy sought to make the people believe that these Divine principles meant or involved Social Equality and the crime of Amalgamation; but the people had learned, by blood-bought experience, to think for themselves; their intelligence and patriotism rejected the Copperhead lies and endorsed the Republican party and its principles, with increased majorities.

After seeking to overthrow the Government and with it the Constitution, the Democrats became the champions of the latter, and charging the United States Congress with subverting that glorious charter of our liberties, succeeded in betraying a few Republicans into a "Constitutional Union Party;" some of the Copperhead Constitutional *patriots*, finding that this scheme deceived very few Republicans, joined the new party, and it necessarily died an early death—verdict of National Inquest—"*Died of Constitutional rottenness.*"

The assassination of Abraham Lincoln, a sad bereavement to the loyal masses, was welcomed, if not instigated, by the Copperheads throughout the land; they vainly thought that his death would be the death of the Republican party; they knew his successor much better than did those who had honored him. No sooner had Andrew Johnson taken his seat as President than they began their advances. A. J., more cunning even than they, with difficulty restrained them for a time, till, by skillfully disclaiming patriotism, he might attach some Republicans to him, and betray them. In the meantime he was busy, with the help of Seward and Satan, in concocting his "Policy. His plot, once matured, he promulgated his "Policy," and the fiat went forth that none should hold office under the great A. J., except those who would fall down and worship his Majesty and adore his "Policy." The Copperheads, knowing that they would sell their very souls for office, and judging the Republicans by themselves, expected thus to buy up so many Republicans as to cripple the party and reduce it to a cypher. The Republicans were, however, of sounder stuff, and loved their principles better than office. So few were thus led astray that the "Bread and Butter Brigade," *alias* the "Conservative Republican Party," proved too insignificant to be of any use to the Copperheads, and were ungratefully spurned and kicked out into the cold.

Thus foiled in every scheme, beaten at every turn, the Republican party growing stronger rather than weaker, the Copperhead leaders were almost in despair, the approaching dissolution and burial of their party being imminent—no hope, no prospect, no chance of resuscitation. But no! Despair is a word not found in the Copperhead vocabulary. With the help of him who never forsakes them, their father and prince, the Devil, they hope on, defeat follows defeat; they still hope for the day when they may betray their country again. The second time they hope the betrayal will be final, fatal. As in the days of Adam and Eve, "the serpent was more subtle than all the beasts of the field which the Lord had made," so now the Copperhead proves his descent from the tempter of Eve. So skillfully does he work that those whom he uses do not suspect his agency—they suppose they are acting independently; they even imagine that what they are doing is as much against him as against his adversaries. He grins—they see it not; he chuckles with irrepressible delight—they hear it not. His work is partially accomplished—a new third party is developed; but shall he triumph? Shall that third party so deplete the Republican ranks as to give his party a victory over the Union and its unflinching supporters?

In conclusion let me ask: Even if the Labor Reform Party is all that its friends claim, an honest, earnest effort for the elevation of the laboring classes—if every man in it is sincere, if the Copperheads have had no agency in its inception and development, is not the fact clear and incontrovertible that every vote polled for it by a Republican will reduce the Republican vote, and be a gain for the Democrats? Suppose some Democrats do vote the Labor Reform ticket, is it not expected that at least nine-tenths of its support will come from those who would otherwise vote the Republican ticket? No sane man expects to elect any ticket on any side issue, however good and important that issue may be, while the country is in its present state. The fight must be between the Republican and Democratic parties until the Union is fully re-established, or the Democrats triumph in its overthrow. The issue is and must be, as in the war, Union or Disunion.

I have no fear for the future. The Republican Party has, under God, saved our country from disruption and destruction, and it will, under the same faithful God of our country, accomplish its full mission in the perpetuation of the Union on the immutable basis of Liberty, Equal Justice and Truth. L. M.

We have before us a letter from St. Louis in which it is estimated that there were over a hundred deaths per day from cholera in that city last week, but that it is now rapidly disappearing. The writer states that the reason why the press and health authorities have failed to give publicity to the fact that the epidemic was raging there was that it would destroy the fall trade and seriously affect the prospects of the Laclede races this week, and the Mechanical and Horticultural Fair next week.—*Chicago Journal.*

"The great question is, shall those States lately in rebellion come back loyal or rebel side up? And shall the Representatives in Congress be sustained in the policy which they have adopted, or shall a recreant President receive encouragement in his suicidal course?"—*Senator Cadell.*

If "Old Blair" had lived in the days of our first parents the presence of the serpent would have been superfluous. If, at a latter period, he had been "one of the twelve," there would have been no question into whose pocket the "thirty pieces" dropped.—*Thurlow Weed.*

I shall never, by any act of mine, attempt to make rebellion honorable. Rebellion is a crime, and it shall not be made honorable.—*Gen. Sheridan.*

To vote for Democrats is to vote that the rebellion is honorable.

"I am of opinion that the provision of the act of Congress of February 25th, 1863, declaring the notes issued in pursuance of that act to be lawful money, and a legal tender, is unconstitutional.—*Judge Sharswood.*

PURE LIQUORS,

Pure Liquors,	Pure Liquors,
Pure Liquors.	Pure Liquors,
Pure Liquors.	Pure Liquors,
For medicinal purposes.	
For medicinal purposes.	
For medicinal purposes.	
Cognac Brandy,	Port Wine,
Cognac Brandy,	Port Wine,
Sherry Wine, Madeira Wine,	
Sherry Wine, Madeira Wine,	
Catawba Wine.	Pure Holland Gin,
Catawba Wine.	Pure Holland Gin,
Pure Jamaica Rum.	
Pure Jamaica Rum.	
Pure Rye Whisky.	Pure Rye Whisky.
Pure Rye Whisky.	Pure Rye Whisky.

AT JOSEPH FLEMING'S,

Corner of the Diamond and Market street.
Corner of the Diamond and Market street.
oct7:8

A DANGEROUS SEASON.

An almost unparalleled quantity of rain has fallen during the summer. Vegetation has been wonderfully thick and rank, and, as it decays, an unusual amount of sickness may be expected unless proper means are taken to prevent it.

Fever and ague and bilious remittents already prevail to an alarming extent, and as the Fall advances and the malarious aliasi fogs become heavier, the sick list is likely to increase both in the city and the country. It is, therefore, only an act of common prudence to keep the vital forces in full vigor, so that they may resist the unhealthy influences of the season. Re-inforced by the tonic operation of HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, the system, however much exposed, naturally will, in nine cases out of ten, successfully combat every species of atmospheric poison by which epidemics are produced.

During the months of September, October and November, the difference in temperature between day and night is very great, and the chilling dews and mists of the season are the prolific causes of indigestion, bowel complaint, either by day or night. Bearing this in mind, remember, also, that the BITTERS not only invigorates the stomach and brace the nerves, but acts specifically upon the bowels and the liver, imparting to those important organs regularity of tone. It is not reasonable to expect immunity from prevailing complaints if no precautions are taken to escape them.

HOSTETTER'S BITTERS are at once pleasant to the taste, and the most certain of all safeguards against febrile ailments.

BLIND EYES RESTORED.

The case to which we alluded some weeks ago, of Christiana Fisher, of Beaver county, is now entirely confirmed by the appearance of Miss Fisher herself, who to-day called on DR. KEYSER in person, to thank him for his genius and skill in restoring her TO ENTIRE AND PERFECT SIGHT. Miss Fisher had been entirely blind for four months. She was so blind that she could not distinguish any object so as to make out what it was. The case is remarkable, as hundreds of cases like hers are doomed to never-ending darkness, on the flimsy pretext that there is no cure, and nothing can be done. She was under DOCTOR KEYSER'S treatment for two months, and before she applied to him through her brother, Simon F. Fisher, slight hopes were entertained of her ever getting her sight. Her case is well known in the neighborhood where she resides, and she has been regarded as one of extraordinary recovery.

We, the undersigned, know of the cure of Miss Fisher, and bear willing testimony to the facts above stated.

CHRISTINA FISHER,
SIMON F. FISHER, (Brother,)
ANNIE BRADLEY,
Taylor Avenue, Allegheny.
EUNICE MCCASKEY,
LOUISA FISHER, (her neice.)

DR. KEYSER'S OFFICE and CONSULTATION ROOMS, No. 120 PENN STREET, corner of Evans alley.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WM. BINGHAM, Jr., Adams Express Office, 54 Fifth Street, is an authorized Agent to receive Advertisements for the GAZETTE, and all other papers throughout the United States and the Canadas.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Whereas, Letters Testamentary on the Estate of PETER CREAHAN, deceased, late of Noblestown, Allegheny county, Pa., have been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are required to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them, properly authenticated for settlement. WILLIAM CREAHAN, Executor.
Noblestown, Oct. 5, 1867. oct7:g3

ALLEGHENY COUNTY WORK HOUSE.—Proposals will be received until the 25th day of October for the SINKING OF AN EXCAVATION required in the erection of portions of the County Work House. Plans and specifications may be seen at the office of SAM'L MCKEE, Architect. Bids to be left with GEO. ALDER, Secretary of Board, corner of Wood and Fourth streets, Pittsburgh.
oct7:s30 BY ORDER OF THE BOARD.

CAUTION.

WILLIAM RUDEL, our Book-keeper, was dismissed from our employ on the 1st instant, and we caution all persons not to pay him any money on our account, as we will not acknowledge any of his transactions after that date.

SCHOMAKER & LANG,
173 and 174 Wood street.
Pittsburgh, Oct. 3, 1867. oct7

MECHANICS' SAVINGS BANK,
No. 14 Smithfield Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS. ANY SUM RECEIVED FROM ONE DOLLAR UPWARD. Deposits received subject to check, without interest.

JAMES BLACKMORE, President.
GEO. D. TINDLE, Sec'y and Treas'r.
JAMES H. HOPKINS, Solicitor.

TRUSTEES:

JAMES BLACKMORE,	JAS. H. HOPKINS,
ALEX. TINDLE,	JAMES BOWN,
WILLIAM DRAPE,	W. W. W. BRADSHAW,
A. G. CURRAGH,	HORMIZ WEAD,
JOHN EVANS.	

HOPE SPICE MILLS.

R. E. RISEHART.....C. A. STEVENS,
RISEHART & STEVENS,
Successors to J. D. DRATO, manufacturers and Dealers in all kinds of SPICES AND CROPPED FEED, Nos. 14 and 16 FOURTH ST., Pittsburgh. Pearl Barley, Oat Meal and fresh Corn Meal always on hand. Roasting done to order promptly. Wagon will call for Roastings and Deliver same day.
oct7:18MWF

EVENING CLASS FOR DRAWING.

An Evening Class will be opened on the 7th of October, at the School of Design, Phelan's building, 56 Fifth street, for Lithographers, Engravers, Artizans, Mechanics, and all other gentlemen and ladies who need instruction in drawing.
E. E. HAYHURST,
sep30:2MWF Principal.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

OFFICE OF THE FORT PITT OIL CO., No. 54 Fifth street, Pittsburgh, October 5th, 1867.

DIVIDEND No. 3.—The Board of Directors of the Fort Pitt Oil Company have this day declared a DIVIDEND of TWO AND ONE-HALF (2½) PER CENT., payable on or after the 15th inst., at this office. The Transfer Books will be closed from the 10th to the 15th inst.
T. A. WRIGHT, Secretary.
oct7:g6

NOTICE.—A Special Meeting of the Stockholders in the M'MAHON OIL COMPANY will be held on SATURDAY, October 12th, 1867, at 11 o'clock a. m., at the office of the company, No. 140½ South Fourth street, Philadelphia. Punctual attendance is requested as business of importance will be laid before the meeting.
oct7:g30 MWF W. B. LANE, Secretary.

HOUSE TO LET.—A Dwelling House,
No. 61 Congress Street.
With seven rooms, garret, cellar and large yard, has three gardens, and has just been put in good repair. Apply at
oct7:g45 111 WYLIE STREET.

STATE ELECTION.
The Election Laws of Pennsylvania.
Price 75 cents. For sale by
MAY & COMPANY,
oct7:m15 97 Wood street.

PACIFIC AND ATLANTIC TELEGRAPH COMPANY.—THE BOOKS FOR SUBSCRIPTIONS TO THE CAPITAL STOCKS of this Company will be opened on MONDAY, October 7th, 1867, at the office of the Company, second floor of Commercial Safe Deposit, No. 116 Fourth street, Pittsburgh, where subscriptions will be received for
10 shares Pacific & Atlantic Telegraph Co.
10 shares Allegheny National Bank.
10 shares Pittsburgh Petroleum Co.
10 shares Monongahela Insurance Co.
A. WELLS, Jr.,
oct7 Agent.

ANDERSON & WILSON,
Merchant Tailors,
AND DEALERS IN
GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS,
129 FOURTH STREET, near Smithfield

Just received, our Fall and Winter Stock of Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings, which we purchased with the highest Premium Gold, and will sell at the lowest prices. Call and see.
oct7:g28 M. C. EWER. C. LONG.

EUWER & LONG,
DEALERS IN
DRY GOODS,

Invite attention to their new stock of FALL GOODS, consisting in part of
WATERPROOF CLOTH,
BARRED FLANNELS,
SHAWLS, BLANKETS,
MERINOS, ALPACCAS,
Also, a full stock of NOTIONS. Prices low, at
No. 61 OHIO ST., ALLEGHENY,
oct7 Four doors East of the Diamond.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the firm of ROWBOTTOM & SINGLETON, Engine Builders and Machinists, doing business at No. 66 Penn street, was dissolved on the first instant, by mutual consent. All persons having claims against said firm will present them, and those indebted will make immediate payment to WM. ROWBOTTOM, who alone is authorized to settle the business of the said firm.
WM. ROWBOTTOM,
D. SINGLETON.
October 4th, 1867. oct7:g38

SCHOOL BOOKS AT WHOLESALE.

Country Dealers are invited to call and examine our extensive stock of
SCHOOL BOOKS & STATIONERY.
SEND FOR PRICE LIST.
DAVIS, CLARKE & CO.,
92 WOOD STREET, cor. Diamond alley.
oct7:f1

FOR SALE.
320 ACRES
Good Farming Land in Iowa.
Terms easy. Good title. Taxes all paid. Will trade for city property.
For particulars inquire of
D. W. SOUTH,
oct7:f54 33 MARKET STREET.

BEAUTIFUL, EXCELLENT and WELL IMPROVED
Farm of Ninety Acres,
Two miles above McKeesport, on the "Yough" river. The Cor. Railroad passes through it. Are on annual ticket only fourteen miles per day, and the holder can travel as every train without additional charge. Schedule time one hour from the city. This farm will be sold cheap, or exchanged for improved city property, in whole or in part payment. Inquire of
STEEL & WILSON,
Brokers and Real Estate Agents,
No. 56 Smithfield street.
oct7:d1

BRICK YARD FOR SALE.

THE UNDERSIGNED will sell ALL or ONE-HALF OF A BRICK YARD, to any person wishing to engage in the business. The yard is new, with all the modern improvements. Lease runs ten years.
ADDRESS,
F. T. C.,
ALLEGHENY P. O.
N. B.—None need apply but those who mean business.
oct7:g32

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE that on the 4th day of October, A. D. 1867, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the
ESTATE OF JACOB ABRAHAMS,
Of Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny, and State of Pennsylvania, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more Assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 93 Diamond street, in the city of Pittsburgh, before SAMUEL HARPER, Register, on the 24TH DAY OF OCTOBER, A. D. 1867, at 10 o'clock a. m.
THOMAS A. ROWLEY,
oct7:g16 U. S. Marshal.

PENNSYLVANIA WHITE LEAD WORKS.

Having rebuilt and enlarged the above named Works, we are now prepared to supply
Strictly Pure White Lead,
PROMPTLY, IN QUANTITY.
FAHNESTOCK, HASLETT & SOHWARTZ.
oct4:g18

OPENED THIS DAY.
The new "Favorite" Skirt;
Colored Velvet Ribbons;
Jet Sets, Pins and Ear Drops;
AT
F. H. EATON'S,
16 FIFTH STREET.
oct

VELVET SACQUES,
Cloth Sacques,
Brocha Shawls,
Cashmere Shawls,
Wool Shawls,
A large assortment for sale by
WHITE, ORR & CO.,
25 Fifth Street.
oct

TWO HUNDRED THOUSAND
Half Spanish Segars,
Just received on consignment, will be sold as low as
Eight Dollars Per Thousand.
ROBERT F. WEDDELL,
Corner of SMITHFIELD & WATER Sts.
sep28

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

MR. C. W. ROBINSON is associated with me in the manufacture of Glassware, to date from 1st inst. The business will be conducted under the style of
BEST & ROBINSON,
At the corner of Third and Try streets, where all orders will receive prompt attention and be executed with dispatch.
JOHN BEST.
Pittsburgh, Sept. 25th, 1867. sep27:d37

ESTABLISHED IN 1842.
J. T. WRAY & BROS.,
SUCCESSORS TO M. CONNOLLY,
STEAM CRACKER BAKERY,
29 and 31 Irwin Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
sep28:g28

WE WILL KEEP ON HAND and make to order Blinds of Spring and plain WAGONS, CARTS, DRAYS, WHEELBARROWS, TRUCKS, LOCUST HUBS, And TURNED SPOKES, HAY RAKES and FORKS,
At DUQUESNE WAGON WORKS, near the Penitentiary, Allegheny City.
oct4:m30 COLEMAN, FORRESTER & CO.

SCHOOL BOOKS.

The undersigned is prepared to furnish all kinds of SCHOOL BOOKS and their accompaniments, to purchasers at the lowest cash or wholesale prices. Also, BLANK BOOKS and STATIONERY. STECK'S PATENT SLATES and SLATE SURFACE, for blackboards. All orders promptly attended to.
S. C. REINEMAN,
sep21:MWF 113 Third St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CARTER'S
NEW
SHOE HOUSE.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS OPENED A
BOOT AND SHOE HOUSE
AT
No. 47 Fifth Street,
(OPPOSITE THE OLD THEATRE.)

Where he is prepared to sell BOOTS, SHOES and GAITERS at less prices than can be purchased at any other house in this city. Give me a call and be convinced.
DANIEL CARTER.
oct7:g31

DISSOLUTION.—The partnership existing under the name and style of
LAFFERTY & CO.,
Was Dissolved on the 12th day of September, 1867,
By mutual consent, ROBERT SMILEY retiring. The business will be settled by ROBERT LAFFERTY.
ROBERT LAFFERTY.
ROBERT SMILEY.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE entered into partnership for the purpose of manufacturing
REFINED PETROLEUM.
This partnership to take effect from September 4th, 1867, under the name and style of
Lafferty & Waring.
FORBERT LAFFERTY.
EDWARD J. WARING.
Pittsburgh, October 5th, 1867. oct7:g35

FOR FRAGRANT TEAS,
CHOICE COFFEE,
AND
PURE SPICES,
GO TO
ROBINSON'S,
No. 20 Fifth Street.
oct7:c1

FALL STOCK OF BOYS' CLOTHING.

Now in Store, a Large and Complete Assortment of
BOYS', YOUTH'S AND CHILDREN'S CLOTHING,
FOR THE FALL SEASON. New styles and low prices. Call and examine, at
No. 47 St. Clair Street.
GRAY & LOGAN.
oct7:

GREAT OPENING OF MILLINERY GOODS.

ON MONDAY, October 7th, 1867, AT
AFFELDER & CO.'S,
Importers,
No. 54 Market Street,
Of the latest Parisian styles of HATS, and all kinds of VELVET RIBBONS and FLOWERS. We ask an examination of this, our best and largest stock ever opened in this city, and assure our patrons that our prices cannot be excelled by Eastern houses, either in wholesale or retail.
AFFELDER & CO., 54 Market St.
oct6:g7

THE AMERICAN HALL AND FOUNTAIN GARDENS,
Corner Carson and Bryan Streets, East Birmingham.
F. BOSWORTH & CO., Prop'rs.

This beautiful and pleasant resort having recently changed hands, the present proprietors are prepared to entertain their friends with the choicest WINES, ALES, BEERS, LIQUORS, CIGARS, REFRESHMENTS, &c.
A Grand Free Concert Serenade every Saturday evening. Birmingham Cars pass the door every ten minutes.
sep27:m12

FIRST CLASS LOOKING GLASS AND PICTURE FRAME MANUFACTORY.
J. LYONS,
No. 110 Wood St., Pittsburgh,
Keeps on hand and manufactures to order, the FINEST STYLE OF GILT, ROSEWOOD and WALNUT MOULDINGS, for OIL PAINTINGS, PORTRAIT and PICTURE FRAMES. Certain Fine French Cornices, Hands and Brackets, Console, Tripod and Bracket Tables of exquisite design and workmanship.
GILDING AND REGILDING executed in the highest style of the art.
EF-PRICES MODERATE. nov3:m8WS

ROMER C. BRAVO.....CHARLES DONNELLY.
GREENWOOD FOUNDRY.
BRAVO & DONNELLY.
Jobbing and Machinery Castings,
Light or heavy, of either Malleable or Grey Iron, of all patterns, sizes and styles, suited to every purpose, made to order.
Office, 250 Liberty Street,
sep17:f60 (Academy of Music Building.)

JAPANNING,
PLAIN AND ORNAMENTAL, BY
WILLIAM LLOYD,
No. 3 St. Clair Street, PITTSBURGH, Pa.
Grocers' Tea Canisters Re-Japanned equal to new.
sep5:m96 sep17:g40

A. H. ENGLISH & CO.,
No. 98 Fourth Street,
Publishers of OSGOOD'S READERS, DYAR'S ARITHMETIC, BURRITT'S GRAMMAR AND COPY-BOOKS, and other Standard Text-Books. Dealers in all kinds of BOOKS. BOOK BINDING executed in all its forms. A large stock of STATIONERY constantly on hand. 1y24

FRESH SALMON, in 1 and 2 lb. cans; fresh Lobster, in 1 and 2 lb. cans; fresh Asparagus, in 2 lb. cans; Green Corn, Lima Beans, Condensed Milk, Strawberries, Whortleberries, Blackberries, Sardines, Olive Oil, Worcestershire Sauce, Essence Shrimps, Anchovies, &c., for sale at lowest rates, at
FRANCE'S TEA HART,
15 Diamond, Pittsburgh.
Terms cash. Goods delivered free. au19

WASHINGTON MILLS,
Washington Street, near Pittsburgh Grain Elevator.
W. W. ANDERSON,
Manufacturer of CORN MEAL, RYE FLOUR and CHOPPED FEED. Orders delivered in either city, free of charge. Grain of all kinds chopped and Corn shelled, on short notice.
sep26

R. P. GETTY,
WHOLESALE DEALER IN
Choice Wines and Liquors,
NO. 38 N. E. Cor. OHIO ST. AND DIAMOND and Allegheny City, Pa.
au29

GEORGE HEAVEN,
CANDY MANUFACTURER,
And dealer in Foreign and American FRUITS, PICKLES, NUTS, &c.,
113 FEDERAL STREET, second door from the First National Bank, Allegheny City. 1e7

L. N. HALL, Manufacturer of
HAVANA AND DOMESTIC CIGARS,
Wholesale and retail dealer in TOBACCO, CIGARS, SNUFF, PIPES, &c. Louisville Tobacco always on hand.
194 WOOD STREET.
Corner Liberty, Pittsburgh, Pa.

CHARLES REIZENSTEIN,
152 FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY,
(Fourth door above Diamond,)
Glass, China Ware & Table Cutlery
At EASTERN PRICES. Everything required in a first class store on hand. Call and examine our stock.
se18:a

CHOICE BEDDING PLANTS.
A very large stock of
Roses, Geraniums, Verbenas, &c.,
In bloom, at the Oakland Greenhouses.
JOHN R. A. A. MURDOCH,
Send for a catalogue. my18:m1

CHOICE FAMILY FLOUR,
Made from Kentucky White Wheat, (new crop,) for sale at lowest market rates, at
FRANCE'S TEA HART,
No. 15 Diamond, Pittsburgh.
Terms cash. Goods delivered free. au19

FIRE SCREENS
OF A NEW STYLE.
On canvas, with oil paintings and gold and velvet frames, at
167 MARKET STREET.
JOS. R. HUGHES & BRO.

BARR & MOSER,
ARCHITECTS,
FRUIT ASSOCIATION BUILDING, Nos. 2 and 4 ST. CLAIR STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA. Special attention given to the designing and delivery of Court Houses and Public Buildings

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE BEST IS THE CHEAPEST!
HARVEST IS OVER.
THE YIELD IS GREAT.
PROSPERITY ABOUNDS.
WINTER IS COMING.
AND IF YOU WANT THE BEST PAPER OBTAINABLE
SUBSCRIBE FOR
MOORE'S RURAL NEW YORKER,
THE GREAT TOWN AND COUNTRY WEEKLY.

THE RURAL is the Leading and Largest Circulating Newspaper of its Class on the Continent—superior in Value and Variety of Contents and Beauty of Appearance. It embraces a greater and better variety of Agricultural, Horticultural, Scientific, Educational, Literary and News Matter, interwoven with many Sketchings, than any other Journal in the English Language—for it comprises Departments devoted to or including

Agriculture, Choice Literature,
Horticulture, Science and Art,
Sheep Husbandry, Current News,
Grazing, Dairying, Youth's Reading,
Rural Architecture, Commerce, Markets,
Domestic Economy, Financial Matters,
With Illustrations, Poetry, Humor, Music,
Poetry, Humor, Music, Enigmas, &c.

THE RURAL NEW YORKER is a National Journal, circulating in every State and Territory of the Union, and also in Canada, Europe, &c. It EMPLOYS THE BEST TALENT in all Departments, Contributors, Editorial and Reporting, comprises many of the most experienced and successful Farmers, Planters, Wool Growers, Stock Breeders, Graziers, Dairymen, Horticulturists, Gardeners, &c., and includes Authors, Scholars, Scientists, &c., of note and ability in their respective fields. *Ably Edited, Profusely Illustrated, and Neatly Printed—Practical, Reliable, Trustworthy, Useful—Original, Instructive and Entertaining.*

Whether located in Country, City or Village, YOU WANT

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.

NEW HATS,

AND

RIBBONS,

AND

FLOWERS,

A CHOICE LOT,

OPENED TO-DAY, AT

WM. SEMPLE'S,

180 and 182 Federal St.,

ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.

oct3

1867. FALL TRADE. 1867.

ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & COMPANY,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

DRY GOODS,

No. 115 Wood Street,

PITTSBURGH, Pa.,

OFFER AT EASTERN PRICES

Dress Goods, Prints, Ginghams, Checks, Jeans, Tweeds, Cloths, Cassimeres, Satinets, F. & M. Cassimeres, Flannels, Shawls, Skirts, White Goods, Bleached and Brown Domestics,

A FULL LINE OF

Notions and Small Goods, Barred Flannels,

Of Eastern and home manufacture.

WE ARE AGENTS FOR

FULLERTON'S FREEPORT BARRED FLANNELS,

CRAIG'S Greenville Barred Flannels,

AND

COUNTRY BLANKETS.

Sold strictly on commission, at Mill Prices.

A Full Line in all Departments.

Buyers are invited to call and examine our Goods and Prices, at

115 Wood Street.

ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO.

G. ARBUTHNOT.....W. T. SHANNON.
oct7 G. G. STEPHENSON.

STATE FAIR.

STRANGERS VISITING THE STATE FAIR will find at

MACRUM & CARLISLE'S,

No. 19 Fifth Street,

A Splendid Stock of Fresh Goods,

AT LOW PRICES FOR CASH.

New Dress and Cloak TRIMMINGS.
Super Trimming and Bonnet RIBBONS.
New styles of GLOVES and HOSIERY.
EMBROIDERIES, of all kinds.
Bargains in LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS.
The new "GLOVE FITTING CORSET."
HAIR PLAITS & WATERFALLS, new style.
Evening SHAWLS and SCARFS, new.

A NEW LOT OF

FASHIONABLE JET AND BOGWOOD JEWELRY.

The "Star Shirt,"

Suspenders, Ties,

And a complete line of FALL AND WINTER

UNDERSHIRTS & DRAWERS.

We have just opened a choice line of

Fancy Articles and Notions,

Which we offer to CASH BUYERS at EASTERN PRICES. Another lot of those superior made

Ladies' Prunella Satchels and Traveling Bags

MACRUM & CARLISLE,

No. 19 Fifth Street.

oct3

1867. 1867.

FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

SECOND ARRIVAL AT

78 AND 80 MARKET STREET.

VELVET RIBBONS, every width and shade.
PIECE VELVETS, every color—Satins & Silks.
Latest styles Bugle Trimmings and Buttons.
Beads, Bonnet, Neck and Trimming Ribbons.
EMBROIDERIES, of every description.
LACES, Real Point, Applique and Valencia.
HANDKERCHIEFS, Lace, Embroidered, Hem Stitched and Plain.
HAMBURG WORK, a fine assortment.
50 dozen more of those TUCKED HANDKERCHIEFS, at 25 cents.
Great variety of Fall and Winter styles in

HOSIERY AND GLOVES!

Ladies', Misses' and Children's Underwear.
Hand Knit and Woven SEPHYR GOODS, in hawis, Scarfs, Circulars, Sontags, Scarfs, &c.
Fine assortment of Pocket Books, Port Monnaies, Accident Satchels, Gent's Leather Travelling Bags, &c.
A full line Gent's Furnishing Goods.
Underskirts and Drawers, Traveling Shirts, Collars, Bows, Ties, Scarfs, Suspenders, &c.
Corsets, Hoop Skirts, Selfmoral Shirts,

AND A FULL LINE OF NOTIONS GENERALLY.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

MACRUM, CLYDE & CO.

JUST RECEIVED,

AT

J. M. BURCHFIELD & CO'S,

No. 87 Market Street.

Silk Warp Poplins, Corded Poplins;
Ottoman Reps, Velvet Cords;
Empress Cloths, Poplin Merinos;
Velvet Dee Chains, Barathea Cloths;
French Merinos, Black Bombazines;
Black Empress, Black Merinos;
Black Alpacoas, Black Mohairs;
Black Silk Lustres, Black Poplin Reps;
Black Corded Jeans, Black Corded Reps;
Alexandria Popilns;

AND A LARGE STOCK OF

NEW DRESS GOODS,

VERY CHEAP.

French Merinos for $1 00, cheap at $1.25.
French Merinos for $1.25, cheap at $1.50, all new shades and very fine goods.
Black and Colored Alpacoas, from 31c. per yard and upwards.

CARR, McCANDLESS & CO.,

(Late Wilson, Carr & Co.,)

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS,

No. 94 WOOD STREET,

Third house above Diamond alley,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

oct3

GOOD NEWS.

CHEAP BREAD IN DEAR TIMES.

Enquire for WARD'S BREAD. The largest and best. The initials "H. W." on every loaf. Ward's. None else mh18:1877

MERCHANT TAILORS.

FALL STOCK

OF

Boys', Youth's and Children's

CLOTHING,

Now Receiving by

GRAY & LOGAN,

No. 47 St. Clair Street.

THIRD ARRIVAL OF SUMMER GOODS, at

E. HOUSTON & CO'S,

Fashionable Merchant Tailors, and dealers in MEN AND BOYS' CLOTHING AND GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, No. 107 FIFTH ST., corner of Cherry Alley.

All the latest styles and novelties in CLOTHS, CASSIMERES and VESTINGS.

Prices very reasonable and to suit the times. se30:3

CONFECTIONERIES, &c.

NEW STORE.

H. H. HORBACH,

Confectioner, Fruit Store & Bakery,

Ice Cream Saloon and Ladies' Ordinary.

No. 200 SMITHFIELD STREET, between Seventh and Liberty.

SUNDAY SCHOOL CELEBRATIONS, PICNICS, DINNER PARTIES, &c., furnished with the best

ICE CREAM, CONFECTIONARIES,

CAKES, FRUITS, &c.,

At the lowest price and on the shortest notice, by

JULIUS RICHTER,

No. 16 DIAMOND, Allegheny.

ta6tjan1

PAINTERS.

WESLEY COULTER.....JOHN LANE.

COULTER & LANE,

House and Sign Painters,

No. 100 GRANT STREET, Pittsburgh,

(Opposite Cathedral.)

GLASS CARDS done to order.

W. R. ROWLAND.....WM. M. HARRIS.

ROWLAND & HARRIS,

HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTERS,

GRAINERS AND GLAZIERS,

No. 64 DIAMOND, ALLEGHENY.

CALCIMINING done in the best manner.

J. K. HAMILTON, Jr.,

House and Sign Painter,

No. 133 THIRD STREET, Pittsburgh,

Graining, Glazing and Gilding

NEATLY EXECUTED.

MIXED PAINTS, VARNISHES, PUTTY, GLASS, BRUSHES, TURPENTINE, WHITE LEAD, ZINC, &c. jy26:1y

P. J. HUTCHINSON.....E. J. HEPBURN.

HUTCHINSON & HEPBURN,

HOUSE, SIGN AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTERS,

GRAINERS AND GLAZIERS,

No. 89 PENN'A AVENUE, Pittsburgh.

All orders by mail promptly attended to.

REMOVAL.

JOHN F. CLULEY,

House and Sign Painter,

Has removed to

No. 134 SMITHFIELD ST., Pittsburgh, Pa.,

my2:y87 Opposite the old stand.

ROBERT M'COWAN.....JNO. SNYDER.

M'COWAN & SNYDER,

HOUSE, SIGN AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTERS, AND GRAINERS AND GLAZIERS.

No. 65, North side of Diamond, Allegheny.

Commercial and glass signs made to order.

Orders respectfully solicited and promptly executed. Shades, Curtains, Window Glass and Putty constantly on hand. ap15:1y33

CARPENTERS, BUILDERS.

WM. J. DICK,

Carpenter and Builder,

NO. 32 PENNSYLVANIA AVE.,

Opposite High street, PITTSBURGH, PA.

Residence, Nos. 4 and 6 Grant street, Allegheny.

Jobbing done with neatness and dispatch. All orders promptly attended to, and satisfaction warranted.

C. YOST.....A. YOST.

C. YOST & BRO.,

House Carpenters and Builders,

All kinds of Jobbing and Building promptly attended to. Orders left at No. 449 LIBERTY STREET, Pittsburgh, and No. 15 PEARL ST., Bloomfield.

JNO. FRANCIS.....SAM'L FRANCIS

J. & S. FRANCIS,

CARPENTERS AND BUILDERS,

Contracts taken for Buildings, Store Fronts and Jobbing. Particular attention given to Heavy Framing for Foundries and Shops, of all descriptions.

Nos. 206 and 208 Robinson St., Allegheny City, Pa.

17:1866

Z. H. PALMER,

House Builder and Carpenter,

Office, corner of BAKER'S ALLEY and DUQUESNE WAY.

Jobbing and Repairing done with neatness and dispatch. jy26:1y

HOUSE BUILDERS AND CARPENTERS.

BUILDING AND REPAIRS promptly attended to

FURGESON & BEER,

au19: 17 Smithfield street.

PIANOS, ORGANS, &c.

CHAS. B. BARR. HEN. TH. KNAKE. W. L. BUETTLER.

BARR, KNAKE & BUETTLER,

Successors to WAMELINK & HAMM,

No. 12 St. Clair St., Pittsburgh.

DEALERS IN

Pianos, Organs,

And Musical Goods generally.

Sole Agents for the Celebrated BRADBURY, New York, and SCHOMACKER & CO. Philadelphia, PIANOS.

Also, AGENTS for the "COTTAGE," and the D. & H. W. SMITH'S "AMERICAN" ORGANS, and TILTON'S PATENT GUITAR.

The best Italian and German Violin and Guitar Strings always on hand. a17:1y68

KNABE'S UNRIVALLED PIANOS.—The purest in tone; the most powerful; the most elegantly finished; will stand in tune longer than any other. New stock just received.

For sale at less than factory prices.

CHARLOTTE BLUME, 42 Fifth street,

Sole Agent for Knabe's Pianos, Haines Bros. Pianos, and Prince's Automatic Organs. au6

VETERINARY SURGEONS.

Dr. N. W. BATES,

VETERINARY SURGEON.

Office and Stables in rear of Kummel Hotel and adjoining the Livery and Sale Stables of Wilson Brothers,

DIAMOND, Allegheny, Pa.

Residence—32 Palo Alto St., Second Ward.

Horses skillfully treated for all curable diseases, and satisfaction guaranteed.

Refers by permission to John White, Jr., Hop Merchant, 20 Canal street, Pittsburgh; James M. Shoaf & Co., Coal Yards, Water Depot, Allegheny; Dr. Thos. Hewitt, 24 Federal street, Allegheny; Wilson Brothers, Livery and Sale Stables, Diamond, Allegheny; C. M. Seely, Grant House, Federal street, Allegheny; Schuls & Merchant, Grocers, 2d ward, Allegheny; S. Gray, Merchant, 2; Diamond, Allegheny; Wm. Maher, Watchmaker, 10 Federal street, Allegheny.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

TO OWNERS OF HORSES.

DR. WEST begs to inform his friends and the public that he has removed his office and stables from the Mansion House to Nos. 67 and 69 ALLEN STABLES, opposite rear end of the St. Charles Hotel, Third street. Sick and Lame Horses taken in and faithfully treated on a moderate charge. Horses of any infectious disease not admitted. Strict attention paid to them at the owner's stable. DOCTOR WEST'S celebrated LIFE ELIXIR, as used by all the principal Veterinary Surgeons in the country, will cure all Sores, Wind or Saddle Galls, Sore Shoulder, Sprains or Bruis, and will not injure the hair. It may be had in bottles, at his office.

Night and country cases promptly attended to. Remember the address, Allen Stables, THIRD STREET, opposite St. Charles Hotel. ja7:1ydad

PROF. N. P. DUFFEY,

VETERINARY SURGEON AND HORSE TRAINER,

Thankful for the patronage heretofore received, respectfully announces that he has opened an HOSPITAL STABLE at the corner of Liberty street and Penn alley, Allegheny City. Also, a TRAINING and BOARDING STABLE on Beaver street, between Sandusky street and Stockton avenue. Office at the latter and residence at the former places. Special attention given to buying, selling, soliciting and delivering horses; and, with the assistance of Miss M. A. CHILDS, (who may be seen twice a week, corner of East Lane and Liberty St., Allegheny,) will give lessons in riding to either Ladies or Gentlemen. Before, by permission, to the following named gentlemen: J. Painter, J. G. Smith, Wm. S. Bissell, John Kirker, M.D., D. M. Evans. se19:1y

LITHOGRAPHERS.

BENJAMIN SINGERLY.....PHILIP CLEIS

SINGERLY & CLEIS,

(Successors to Geo. F. Schuchman & Co.,)

PRACTICAL LITHOGRAPHERS

The ONLY STEAM LITHOGRAPHIC ESTABLISHMENT WEST OF THE MOUNTAINS.

Business Cards, Letter Heads, Bonds, Labels, Circulars, Show Cards, Diplomas, Portraits, Views, Certificates of Deposits, Invitation Cards, &c. Nos. 78 and 76 Third st., Pittsburgh.

CHAS. A. MILLER,

LITHOGRAPHER,

No. 80 FOURTH ST., Apollo Building,

CHECKS, DRAFTS, NOTES, BILL and LETTER HEADS, &c., done in all styles.

ap15:1y

FOR THE FALL TRADE.

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,
FURNITURE OIL CLOTHS,
WINDOW SHADES,
GREEN OIL CLOTH,
(For Window Shades,)
And TABLE OIL CLOTHS,

In every variety of quality and styles. Wholesale and retail buyers will find it to their advantage to see our stock and learn prices before purchasing elsewhere. Warehouse, 38 and 36 St. Clair street.

J. & S. PHILLIPS,
se27 Manufacturers and Dealers.

A COAL WORKS FOR SALE,

capable of running 15,000 bushels daily, including tenant houses, store house, flats, wagons, mules, and all the necessary fixtures for a large business and immediate operation. There are 40 acres of coal. This is one of the most valuable works on the Monongahela river; will be sold low and on good terms.

Apply to W. A. HERRON, Real Estate Office, No. 97 Grant St., opposite Court House. se17

The Pittsburgh Gazette

[Communicated.]

Free Bridges and Taxation.

MESSRS. EDITORS GAZETTE, and to all whom it may concern: The visionaries of the Board of Trade, in connection with a few scheming politicians, have gotten up a gigantic scheme for consolidating all the fields, villages and rivers, within ten miles of the Court House, into one grand city, that shall rival Babylon of old, and surpass in extent the Eternal Seven-hilled city of ancient Rome.

Many persons have been taken with the idea and have given it their approval, without giving that thought to the subject which its importance demands.

The hook thrown out contains various baits, each one intended to suit a class of persons. To one it is free bridges and roads, to others paved streets, gas, mountain water, policemen at every corner, figuring largely in the census returns, and the privilege when traveling of registering your name as hailing from Pittsburgh. To the capitalist it is a fabulous advance in the price of real estate.

To refute all that is claimed for this scheme, is not our present purpose. It will be sufficient to ventilate one or two points.

First, then, the bait of free bridges, which is thrown out upon a silver washed hook to catch gudgeons.

The profits of the present bridges (as given by the friends of consolidation) amount yearly to within a fraction of one hundred and fifty thousand ($150,000)—as a matter of course their value depends upon the net income they bring to their owners. At the rate of profit given their value will be two million five hundred thousand ($2,500,000). This, then, will be the price at which they must be purchased. As the will procure and to say that we have the money for them, nor is it likely that we will have it for a generation or two, we must, therefore, buy them on credit; probably issue city bonds for the purpose, selling them at a discount of 20 or 25 per cent., thus increasing the total to some two millions eight hundred and twelve thousand ($2,812,500) dollars, the yearly interest of which will be one hundred and sixty-eight thousand (168,000) dollars—a nice legacy for you to pay—equal to a head tax of four dollars and sixty-eight cents ($4 68-100) on every voter in the proposed district, payable yearly for the balance of his life.

Did it never occur to you that what you will not pay in tolls, you must pay in taxes!

But this is only a part of the scheme—and a very small part, too. Among other projects, it is designed to build a City Hall at a cost of some five hundred thousand ($500,000) dollars; to bring one of the mountain rivers for a supply of water, (a la Croton,) at an expense of some twenty millions; to purchase and improve for a park of some hundreds of acres of ground, at a cost of some five or six millions more; with many other magnificent plans for the expenditure of money, that will swell the already large debt to over thirty millions of dollars, being more than the present assessed value of the district proposed to be consolidated; thus making your taxation to pay the interest alone on this debt amount annually to over seventy (70) mills on the dollar. To this add the expenses of carrying on an expensive city government, with its horde of officials, making and keeping up roads, and other schemes of aggrandizement, and your taxes will be more than can be borne; your property will be mortgaged for more than its assessed value, and you will be bankrupt. Taxation for railroad purposes will be nothing to compare to it.

It is well to spread out and grow, and become great and important, but there is such a thing as spreading too much, and overdoing the thing, as many a broken merchant can testify to his sorrow.

The hen that attempts to cover a hundred eggs will most likely make a failure of it.

Pause, then, and consider well before you form this alliance, for if it is once consummated it will prove a *marriage* from which you can never be *divorced*.

One word to the men, who are not owners of houses and lots; the men who earn their daily bread by their daily labor. This bait of free bridges is intended for particular policy for you. It is expected that you will swallow bait, hook and all. Look well to the hook before you swallow it, all! Although the bait is sugar coated, and the hook is washed with silver, yet there will be the bitter taste, and the iron penetrating your soul behind it all.

You know well, by sad experience, that you have the burdens of taxation to pay. You know well that when your landlord's taxes were raised five dollars your rents were advanced fifteen or twenty dollars.

You have not forgotten the sad experience of the last few years. Look well to your tickets, then, on Tuesday next, and vote against this iniquitous measure.

In Memoriam.

At the regular monthly meeting of the Allegheny Valley Medical Association, held in Leechburg, Armstrong county, October 1st, 1867, Dr. R. L. McCurdy, with a few appropriate remarks, announced the death of W. P. McCulloch, M. D., which occurred at his residence, in Freeport, Pennsylvania, on the evening of the 17th of September.

When, on motion of Dr. John McFarland, that a committee of five be appointed to bring in a minute suitable to the occasion, the following named persons were appointed said committee: Drs. John McFarland, R. L. McCurdy, J. S. McCartney, Thomas Galbraith, and David Alter.

In pursuance of the above resolution, the committee submitted the following preamble and resolutions, which were unanimously adopted, viz:

WHEREAS, We have been called in the inscrutable and mysterious Providence of "Him who doeth all things well" to part with one of our most untiring, energetic and indefatigable medical practitioners;—one who labored in season and out of season;—devoted to his arduous responsibilities, both at home and in the army;—ever ready to sacrifice ease and comfort in the discharge of his professional duties;—who was affectionate, kind and always ready to relieve and sympathize with those in trouble and distress. Therefore,

Resolved, 1st. That we herein recognize in the death of our Medical Brother, the hand of our Heavenly Father, and that while we mourn our loss, we would reverently bow to the stroke, and thereby be admonished by this dispensation of Divine Providence to "have our household in order, and watch and pray, for we know not when ye think not, the Son of Man cometh."

2d. That in the demise of Dr. McCulloch this Association has lost one of its original founders—one of its most active and efficient members, ready and willing to co-operate in every measure calculated to infuse a spirit of harmony and mutual benefit among the members of this Association.

3d. That we do hereby tender to his bereaved wife, heart stricken and sorrowing daughter, to his venerable and aged mother, brothers and sisters, our unfeigned sorrow for this sore trial and bereavement which they have been called upon to endure. May the blessing of Him who dwelleth in the bush be vouchsafed to each of them in this their hour of sorrow and sadness.

4th. That a copy of the foregoing be presented to the widow of the deceased and his mother, and published in the county papers of Armstrong and Westmoreland, also in the Pittsburgh *Dispatch*, *Commercial* and GAZETTE.

THOS. GALBRAITH, President.
W. F. BARCLEY, Secretary.

Patents Issued.

The following are among the patents issued from the United States Patent Office, for the week ending September 24th, 1867, each bearing that date:

Wesley E. Strouss, of Pittsburgh, Pa., for improvements in furnaces.

F. Gearing, of Pittsburgh, Pa., assignor to self and Henry Millinger, of same place, for improvement in market boxes.

Homer Wright, of Pittsburgh, Pa., for improved jug top.

Andrew D. Armstrong, of Pittsburgh, Pa., for improved can.

John B. Seymour, of Pittsburgh, Pa., for improvement in seed planters. Antedated September 7, 1867.

James J. Johnston, of Allegheny City, Pa., assignor to the People's Brick Machine Company, of Pittsburgh, Pa., for improved brick dryer.

Felix R. Brunot, of Allegheny, Pa., for improved sluice gates for dams or locks.

Josiah Copley, Jr., of Allegheny City, Pa., assignor to Josiah Copley, Sr., of same place, for improvement in balanced "beam up" for rolling iron. Antedated August 17, 1867.

Wm. Raley, of Lawrenceburg, Pa., for improvement in boshes of heating and puddling furnaces.

Joseph Braum, of Bridgewater, Pa., for improved dryer for scoured clothes.

Joseph Seehrist, of Connellsville, Pa., for improvement in a fire smoker.

D. Hershey, of Erie, Pa., for improvement in wagon springs.

John W. Baker, of Parkersburg, West Virginia, for improvement in hydrants.

John W. Baker, of Parkersburg, West Virginia, for improvement in fire plugs.

Birmingham Letter List.

Letters remaining uncalled for at Buchanan Postoffice, October 7, 1867.

A	Sapp George	P	
Andrews W B		Pastorius H D	
Anderson Bella	Selbrook C W	Paul John	
B	Shoemaker John	Pallander Geo	
Blackham C	House Alonzo	Fugo Davis	
Beam James	Hagger Joe	Phillips Mary J	
Brabaker F P	Hall Jas H	Palmer David	
Brown Lizzie	Hamilton Maria	R	
Bowers Jacob	Hall Jas	Reed John	
C	Harmany Wm	Reese Evan	
Clement M	Hawkins Alice	Robinson J H	
Carr F M	J	S	
Carnahan D	Jarrett Lid	Smith Geo	
D	K	Smith John M	
Dennis M	Leslie L	Snyder David C	
Dolan Julia	Love Neil	Scanlon	
Daugherty Wm	Lewis & Kinan	Shepard Henry	
E	M	Story W H	
Estler Jas A	May James	Valentine I F	
Evans Joseph	Metzgar Robi	Williams M	
Evans Thos D	Miller Mary	Wier James R	
Ewers Christ	Mack	Wolfe Henry	
G	McCarty John	Walker Jas	
Gearlee M A	McKallip Math		
Gallaher Dan	McGuire Jas F		
Grier John	E. G. KEEHAN, Postmaster.		

Board of Trade Officers.

The election for officers of the Board of Trade, to serve for the ensuing year, resulted in the selection of the following gentlemen:

President—Geo. H. Thurston.

First Vice President—John Shipton.

Second Vice President—Joseph R. Hunter.

Directors—William Means, S. B. Anjer, J. F. Tanner, George H. Anderson, John D. Bailey, William M. Gormly, Phillip Reymer, J. J. Gillespie, William F. Lang, Edward Gregg, David Robinson, F. Rahm, Joseph Knapp, David McCandless, C. Yeager, S. M. Wickersham, B. F. Jones, Richard E. Breed, C. D. Brigham, F. R. Brunot.

Secretary—Geo. M. Holtzman.

Treasurer—David Robinson.

Fire.—An alarm of fire was sounded on Saturday evening, between eight and nine o'clock, from Box 29, on the Fulton Row streets, caused by a slight fire in a house on Pastore alley, near Fulton street, ow ned by William Simms, whose family occupied one portion of the house and the other was occupied by Mr. Zimmers. The fire originated from the explosion of a kerosene lamp in the kitchen of Mr. Zimmers, who was in the act of lighting it. Mr. Z. is an upholsterer, and was doing some work in his house, a portion of which was occupied by the fire. The fire department were on the ground promptly and the flames were extinguished before they had made any progress. The damage was but slight.

Lecture.—We copy the following from the Wheeling *Intelligencer*: Rev. Charles A. Dickey, who was born and raised in this city, and who is now pastor of one of the finest churches in the city of Allegheny, Pa., is expected to deliver a lecture here about the middle of this month, for the benefit of the library of the United Presbyterian Sabbath School.

North British Review, for September—a rich number. For sale by W. A. Gildenfenney, 45 Fifth street

☞ Additional Local Matters on First Page.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ WM. BARNHILL & CO.,

BOILER MAKERS

AND

SHEET IRON WORKERS,

Nos. 20, 22, 24 and 26 Penn St.

Having secured a large yard and furnished it with the most approved machinery, we are prepared to manufacture every description of Boilers in the best manner, and warranted equal to any made in the country. Chimneys, Breaching, Fire Beds, Steam Pipes, Locomotive Boilers, Condensers, Salt Pans, Tanks, Oil Stills, Agitators, Settling Pans, Boiler Iron, Bridges, Sugar Pans, and sole manufacturers of BARNHILL'S PATENT BOILERS.

Repairing done on the shortest notice, lest not the largest. jy26:1y

☞ HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU AND IMPROVED ROSE WASH cures secret and diffic ulty disorders in all their stages, at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience and no exposure. It is pleasant in taste and odor, immediate in its action, and free from all injurious properties.

☞ ROBINSON, REA & CO.,

(Successors to ROBINSON, MOSER & MILLER,)

WASHINGTON WORKS,

Foundery and Machinists, Pittsburgh,

Manufacturers of Boat and Stationary Steam Engines, Blast Engines, Mill Machinery, Gearing, Shafting, Castings of all descriptions; Oil Tanks and Stills, Boiler and Sheet Iron Work.

Office: No. 13 corner First and Smithfield sts.

☞ Agents for GRAHAM'S PATENT INJECTOR for feeding boilers. ja19:1y

☞ HELMBOLD'S

BUCHU

Is a certain cure for diseases of the

BLADDER, KIDNEYS, GRAVEL, DROPSY, ORGANIC WEAKNESS,
FEMALE COMPLAINTS,
GENERAL DEBILITY,
And all diseases of the
URINARY ORGANS,

Whether existing in

MALE OR FEMALE,

From whatever cause originating, and no matter of

HOW LONG STANDING.

Diseases of these organs require the use of a diuretic. If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or insanity may ensue. Our Flesh and Blood are supported from these sources, and the

HEALTH AND HAPPINESS,

and that of Posterity, depends upon prompt use of a reliable remedy.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU.

Established upwards of 18 years. Prepared by

H. T. HELMBOLD, Druggist,

594 Broadway, New York, and
104 South 10th St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Sold by all Druggists. se9:mwy

☞ HELMBOLD'S CONCENTRATED FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU is the Great Diuretic. HELMBOLD'S CONCENTRATED EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA is the Great Blood Purifier. Both are prepared according to the rules of Pharmacy and Chemistry, and are the most active that can be made.

Sold by Druggists everywhere. se9:mwy

NEW PERFUME FOR THE HANDKERCHIEF

Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."

Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."

Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."

Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."

Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."

A most exquisite, delicate, and Fragrant Perfume Distilled from the rare and beautiful flower from which it takes its name.

Manufactured only by

PHALON & SON, New York.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.

ASK FOR PHALON'S—TAKE NO OTHER.

☞ FOR NON-RETENTION OR INCONTINENCE of Urine, irritation, inflammation, or ulceration of the bladder, or kidneys, diseases of the prostate gland, stone in the bladder, calculus, gravel or brick-dust deposits, and all diseases of the bladder, kidneys and dropsical swellings, USE HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU. se9:mwy

☞ LAKE SUPERIOR

COPPER MILL & SMELTING WORKS.

PITTSBURGH.

PARK, McCURDY & CO.,

Manufacturers of Sheathing, Braziers' and Bolt Copper, Planished Copper Bottoms, Yellow Metal Bottoms, Spelter Solder. Also, Importers and Dealers in Metals, Tin Plate, Sheet Iron, Wire, Spelter, Lead and Iron Pipe, Mantlepiece and Tools. Warehouse, No. 140 FIRST STREET, (Old No. 124,) Pittsburgh, Pa. jy26:1y

Special Orders of Copper cut to any desired pattern. myl6:1ydeowly

☞ HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA gives health and vigor to the frame and bloom to the pallid cheek. Debility is accompanied by many alarming symptoms, and if no remedy is submitted to, consumption, insanity, or epileptic fits ensue. se9:mwy

☞ THE HEALING POOL,

AND HOUSE OF MERCY.

HOWARD ASSOCIATION REPORTS FOR YOUNG MEN, on the CRIME OF SOLITUDE, and the ERRORS, ABUSES and DISEASES resulting therefrom, and of youthful indiscretions to MARRIAGE, with a sure means of relief. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, Dr. J. SKILLIN H. HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa.

☞ THE GLORY OF MAN IS STRENGTH.—Therefore the nervous and debilitated should immediately use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU.

☞ SOMETHING NEW.—CALL and examine the new

SILVER-TIPPED SHOES.

They will wear twice as long as those without tips. Rept only by

WM. E. SCHMERTZ,

my14:3d No. 31 Fifth st., Pittsburgh.

☞ ENFEEBLED AND DELICATE CONSTITUTIONS, of both sexes, use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU. It will give brisk and energetic feelings, and enable you to sleep well. se9:mwy

☞ QUINCY A. SCOTT,

DENTIST,

NO. 218 PENN STREET,

mh26:1y62 PITTSBURGH.

☞ TAKE NO MORE UNPLEASANT and UNSAFE REMEDIES for unpleasant and dangerous diseases, when HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU and IMPROVED ROSE WASH will cure them. se9:mwy

☞ HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU is pleasant in taste and odor, free from all injurious properties, and immediate in its action. se9:mwy

☞ MANHOOD AND YOUTH-FUL VIGOR are regained by HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU. se9:mwy

☞ SHATTERED CONSTITUTIONS RESTORED by HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU. se9:mwy

INSURANCE.

ALLEGHENY INSURANCE CO. OF PITTSBURGH.—Office, No. 27 Fifth Street Bank Block

Insures against all kinds of Fire and Marine Risks.

JOHN IRWIN, Jr., President.
JOHN D. MCCORD, Vice President.
C. G. HUSSEY, Secretary.
C. G. DONNELL, Secretary.
Capt. WM. DEAN, General Ag

John Irwin, Jr.,	Capt. Wm. Dean,
John D. McCord,	H. L. Hutchinson,
C. G. Hussey,	W. R. Everson,
Martin Child,	Alfred Davis,
T. J. Bostinson,	Francis Sellers,
Charles Hays,	Geo. D. McGrew.

PENNSYLVANIA INSURANCE COMPANY.

OF PITTSBURGH, PA.

Office, 91 Fifth Street, Bank Block.

This is a Home Company, and insures against loss by FIRE only.

LEONARD WALTER, President.
G. C. HOWLEY, Vice President.
ROBERT PATRICK, Treasurer.
HUGH M'CLELLAND, Secretary.

DIRECTORS:

Leonard Walter,	George Wilson,
G. C. Howley,	Wm. Ewing,
Robert Patrick,	J. G. Lappe,
Jacob Painter,	J. C. Cuppy,
Josiah King,	John Voegtley,
Jas. H. Hopkins,	A. Sinnock,
Henry Brown,	

INDEMNITY

AGAINST LOSS BY FIRE,

FRANKLIN INSURANCE COMPANY, OF PHILADELPHIA.

Office: 435 and 437 CHESTNUT ST., Near Fifth.

DIRECTORS.

Charles W. Bancker,	Morton H. Lewis,
Tobias Wagner,	David S. Brown,
Samuel Grant,	Isaac Lea,
Jacob R. Smith,	Edward C. Dale,
George W. Richards,	George Fales,
Isaac A. Heacock,	Spencer Mcilvain,

CHARLES W. POSTER, President.
EDWD C. DALE, Vice President.
WM. G. STEEL, Secretary and Actuary.

J. GARDNER COFFIN, Agent,

mh24:1y15 North West cor. Third & Wood sts.

WESTERN INSURANCE CO.

OFFICE OF DIRECTORS,

ALEXANDER NIMICK, President.
WM. P. HERRON, Secretary.
CAPT. GEORGE REA, General Agent.

Office, 92 Water street, Spang & Co.'s Ware House, up stairs.

Insures against all kinds of Fire and Marine Risks, on favorable terms, and by Director who are well known to the community, and who are determined by promptness and liberality, to maintain the character they have assumed, as offering the best protection to those who desire to be insured.

DIRECTORS:

Alex. Nimick,	Rees J. Thomas,
R. Patterson,	Chas. J. Clarke,
James McAuley,	John H. McCune,
Alexander Speer,	James P. Barnes,
Andrew Aiken,	Joseph Kirkpatrick
Andrew Aiken,	Phillip Reymer,
de	William E. Evans,
	WM. P. HERRON, Secretary.

PEOPLE'S INSURANCE CO.

OFFICE, N. E. COR. WOOD AND FIFTH STS.

A HOME COMPANY,

TAKING FIRE AND MARINE RISKS,

DIRECTORS.

Wm. Phillips,	Capt. John L. Hoodt,
John Watts,	Samuel L. Shriver,
John E. Parke,	Charles Arbuckle,
Capt. Jas. Miller,	John A. Kirkpatrick,
Wm. Van Kirk,	Frank S. Bissell,
James D. Verner,	Hannon Love,
	WM. PHILLIPS, President.
	JOHN WATT, Vice President.
W. F. GARDNER, Secretary.	
	Capt. JAS. GORDON, Gen'l Agt.

TOBACCO, CIGARS, &c.

JOHN MEGRAW,

Manufacturer of and Wholesale and Retail Dealer in all kinds of

Tobacco, Snuff and Cigars,

48 HAND STREET.

A general assortment Smoking Tobacco, Pipes Tobacco Pouches always on hand. mar5:1y

EXCELSIOR WORKS.

R. & W. JENKINSON,

Manufacturers and dealers in

Tobacco, Snuff, Cigars, Pipes, &c.

No. 6 FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.

ly6:bs

OIL WORKS & COMPANIES

H. M. LONG & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

PURE WHITE BURNING OIL.

Brand—"LUCIFER."

Office, No. 2 Duquesne Way,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

TACK BROTHERS,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

AND BROKERS IN

Petroleum and its Products,

PITTSBURGH OFFICE—Dalzell's Building corner of Duquesne Way and Irwin street.

PHILADELPHIA OFFICE—127 Walnut st, ap2:wly

EUREKA OIL WORKS,

Manufacturers of

Eureka Carbon Oil,

THE CELEBRATED

Sperm Lubricating Oils,

CHEMICAL LINSEED OIL,

Wholesale Dealers in

Crude, Refined and Lubricating Oils; Lard, Sperm, White and Fish Oils.

O. C. NOBLE, Agt.

19 Irwin Street,

PITTSBURGH.

WARING & KING,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND BROKERS IN

Petroleum and Its Products,

Dalzell's Block, Duquesne Way,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

PHILADELPHIA ADDRESS:

WARING, KING & CO.,

127 Walnut St., Phila.

BUY THE BEST,

PETROLIA BLUE LEAD,

FOR OIL REFINERS

Manufactured only and for sale by

T. H. DEVIN & CO.,

PIONEER PAINT WORKS,

N. W. Cor. 3d and Market Sts.,

oct3 PITTSBURGH, PA.

WM. WIGHTMAN.....D. A. ANDERSON

EAGLE OIL WORKS,

Lawrenceville.

WIGHTMAN & ANDERSON,

Refiners and Dealers in

PETROLEUM.

OFFICE, SECOND STORY, CORNER HANDOCK ST. AND DUQUESNE WAY.

BREWER, BURKE & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

AGENTS FOR THE

Pacific, Globe & Liberty Oil Works

Ample Storage for Crude and Refined Oil. Liberal cash Advances made on consignments of Crude or Refined Petroleum. Yards for storage and shipment of Crude Oil at Lawrenceville.

Office and Warehouse, corner of Duquesne Way and Hancock street, Pittsburgh. myl6:1ydeowly

J. G. BUTLER, C. A. KEBLER, H. WHITEHEAD.

SOHO OIL WORKS,

Manufacture and have for sale all kinds of

LUBRICATING OILS,

No. 1 ST. CLAIR STREET.

BUTLER, KEBLER & CO.

BANKS AND B

PH. R. MERTZ,

BANKER AND BROKER,

118 Wood St., near corner of Fifth.

Government Securities,

Gold, Silver,

And Coupons,

Bought and sold on liberal terms. Drafts sold on all the principal cities of Europe.

CONVERSION OF 7-30'S.

We are now prepared to convert the

SECOND AND THIRD SERIES 7-30's

INTO THE

New 1867 5-20 Gold Coupon Bonds.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,

Dealers in Government Securities,

Corner Fourth & Wood Streets.

IRA B. McVAY & CO.,

Bankers,

AND DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,

Cor. Fourth and Smithfield Streets.

We will give holders of JUNE AND JULY SEVEN-THIRTIES the interest at 7 3-10 per cent. to January 1st, and give them in exchange

5-20 BONDS OF 1867,

interest IN GOLD at 6 per cent. from that date.

IRA B. McVAY & CO.

The Pittsburgh Gazette

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, SATURDAY, October 5, 1867.

No later reliable information from Europe, either Italy or Holland, being received, the gold market was in an unsettled condition, and would undoubtedly have advanced if it was not for the scarcity of money and the additional expenses of carrying gold balances over. The recent advances were solely due to disturbances in the money markets of Europe and the want of confidence by some timid people, in the integrity of the pledges of the United States Government. Violent fluctuations are expected during the early part of next week; the quarterly statement day of the national banks being past, and the ability of these institutions to make liberal advances to their speculative friends, will enable speculators for a rise to fence some of the weak and credulous operators who look upon the result of the coming election as the prime causes of the disturbances in the money and gold market. Government bonds have slightly improved, there being less pressure to sell, but transactions are very light.

The stock market is unsettled, and some of the leading shares have advanced. New York Central, Fort Wayne, North Western, common, and preferred are all higher, and though call loans command seven per cent. interest and a commission, strong parties were buying largely at the advance.

Mining shares were very dull on account of the inability of the weak holders to have their stocks carried. Local money market very stringent.

Closing New York quotations received by Ph. R. Mertz, were as follows:

Gold, 144¾; 1881's, 110¾; 5-20s, 1862, 111⅝; 1864, 108½; 1865, 109⅜; Consols, 107; 10-40s, 98¾; 7-30, 105¾@105⅝.

Cleveland & Pittsburgh R. R.	78¾
Merchants Union Express	24
Western Union Telegraph	36½
Erie R. R.	66
Pittsburgh Fort Wayne & Chicago R. R.	100¾
Northern Railroad—common	43¾
Northwestern—preferred	67¾
New York Central	110½
Mississippi Certificates	87
Michigan Southern	81¾
Corydon	80
Quartz Hill	1 40
Quicksilver	24

—The *New York Express* says that the Assistant Treasurer is ready to issue to banks or individuals 3 per cent. certificates in exchange for compound notes maturing October 15th. The upward movement in the gold premium is ascribed to the issue of these certificates, although the decline in United States bonds at London and Frankfort has something to do with the latter. The *Express*, in addition, says:

"Letters by the Scotia allude to United States bonds in rather a despondingtone. They give the details of the excitement produced in Europe by the agitation here of payment of bonds in legal tender notes, and say the proposition is viewed as the first step towards repudiation. Repeated official assurances from Mr. McCullough and others, had induced investors to believe that the bonds would be paid in gold, both principal and interest, but the opinion was now turning the other way. The result is a pressure to sell, and a decline to 72¾ for 1881 and 70¾ for 1865 coupons. The same feeling of depression exists at Paris, Frankfort, Berlin and other continental cities. There is a growing belief that the European holders will demand of Congress the passage of a supplemental act, settling the fact of the payment of 1867 bonds in gold. In the event of a failure in this direction, we hear the opinion freely expressed that the bonds will be sent back to a considerable extent."

—The New York *Post* says that the issue of the 7 per cent. certificates is regarded with satisfaction; first because it puts an end to the uncertain suspense which has been for several months so depressing an influence on the business of the country; and secondly, because this announcement is supposed to indicate that the policy of the Treasury is settled for the coming two or three months, until the financial views of Congress shall be developed, and until further arrangements shall be made by law with a view to the regulation of the Treasury manipulations of the maturing debt and of the outstanding currency.

—We have had two or three bank failures within a few days, and one or two bank robberies, but so far as these failures and losses apply to the National banks they attract little attention beyond the immediate circle of their pecuniary creditors—their depositors. The noteholders, feeling safe against loss, suffer not a moment's uneasiness, the notes pass as freely from hand to hand, and to the banks as before failure.

—The Philadelphia *Press* says: Among some of the foreign bankers there is some uppreasion that embarrassments may occur in the Continental money markets from the critical condition of the Credit Mobilier, of Paris. The latest mail advices represent that it was doubtful whether the Mobilier would effect the proposed loan with the Bank of France, owing to the indisposition of the directors to give their own personal security as they had in the first instance proposed. It is considered impossible that the institution should stand without the support from the Bank of France asked for, and in the event of its failure the financial disaster, not only in Paris, but in Italy and Germany, must be very severe. This contingency has a more direct bearing upon the value of our bonds in Europe, and consequently upon the gold premium, than is generally supposed.

—The regulation of Government stocks proposed by the Ohio politicians are having their effect in Europe. A London circular, of the 21st ult., says:

Since our last report of this day week the market for American securities has been tolerably active. Some considerable shipments of Five States Twenty bonds have been received, and offered in the market, and this, coupled with the maintenance of the high premium of gold in New York, has depressed quotations, although prices would have fallen considerably lower had it not been for the active demand both on home and Continental account, and an offer to purchase by influential operators and who are known to be in constant telegraphic communication with New York. Owing to a telegraphic message received from New York, dated the 16th, announcing that "the question of paying off the Five Twenty United States bonds in currency is being politically agitated," American securities gave way, and Five Twenties suffered to the extent of one item of five-eighths per cent., on the day's sales. There are many holders who are half doubtful on this important point at issue, and were they to think it would be a wise stroke of policy on the part of the Congress were they to make a supplementary act, stating that this debt, both as regards principal and interest, is a specie obligation, and will be redeemed as such. We are fully convinced that it would enhance the market value of the United States bonds, and unmask the number and amount of invesments, and more fully establish the credit of the United States Government.

—A Washington dispatch says: The bank examiner, who has been investigating the affairs of the First National Bank of New Milford, Conn., returned to Washington this afternoon, and has submitted his report to the Comptroller of the Currency. He finds that the defalcation of the cashier amounts to $47,000. The surplus fund of the bank, with the cashier's property, all of which he turned over before he fled, will cover the deficiency without loss either to the Government or to individual depositors. The capital of the bank is not impaired in the least, and it will continue business as usual without interruption. Comptroller Hulburd has ordered an examination into the affairs of the national bank at Whitestown, New York, which has been reported as in trouble.

IRON AND NAILS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, SATURDAY, October 5, 1867.

As will be seen by reference to our schedule of prices of Iron and Nails, there has been a reduction of ½c per pound on bar iron, ¼c on sheet iron, and $1c per keg on nails, the reduction to take place on and after Monday, October 7th. The card rates are now as follows:

Common Bar iron	4½@ 5
Horse shoe	5½
Heavy Band	5 @ 5½
Hoop and Light Band	5½@10
Round and Square	4½@ 5
Oval	4½@ 5
Half Oval and half Round	4½@ 5
Boiler Iron	5 @ 5½
Tank Iron	5½

All sheets over 26 in. wide, ½c extra.

Flat Rails	4½@ 5
T. Rails, 12, 14 and 20 lbs.	4½@ 5
Nail Rods	9½@11½
Coal Screen Iron	5½@ 6½

Sheet Iron, 10 to 17	5¾	¾	6½
" " 18 to 24	6¼	¾	10
" " 25 to 26	6¾	¾	10½
" " 27	7¼	¾	10¾

All sheets over 28 in. wide ½c extra.

NAILS.

10d to 60d Nails Fencing and Spikes	6 50	20d	7 75
		30d fine	7 75
8d and 9d	6 75	20d fine	8 25
6d and 7d	7 00	⅞ in lining	9 25
4d and 5d	6 25	Clinch	7 00
3d and 4d	6 75	Cut Spikes	5 75
2d	6 75		

Casing Nails—4d, $6,50; 5d, $6,25; 10d, $6,00 10d, $6,00.

Finishing Nails—6d, $7,00; 8d, $6,75; 10d, $6,50; 12d, $6,25; 16d, $6,00.

Barrel Nails—⅞ inch. $8,25; 1 inch, $7,50; 1⅛ inch, $6,75; 1¼ inch, $6,75; 1½ inch, $6,25.

Tobacco Nails—6d, $6,25; 8d, 6,00; 10d, $5,75.

Amherst—12½c per keg od, in lots of 100 kegs and upwards.

New York Dry Goods Trade.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW YORK, Oct. 5.—Dry Goods market quiet under strong weather, yet steady.

JAMES DALZELL & SON,

69 and 70 Water Street,

LARD OIL MANUFACTURERS,

And dealers in CRUDE, LUMINATING and CARBON OILS.

We warrant our No. 1 Lard Oil equal to the best Cloudnault, or other brands, and propose to sell as low as Cincinnati or Chicago rates.

Our No. 2 Lard Oil as a Lubricator cannot be excelled.

Duck Creek Lubricating and standard brands of Carbon Oil constantly on hand.

Merchants and manufacturers will find it to their interest to give us a call before ordering Lard Oil from the West. feb9

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, SATURDAY, October 5, 1867.

The general markets present no new characteristics worthy of special notice. There is a continued fair demand for some articles at stiffening prices, while others are dull and neglected with a drooping tendency; the tightness in the money market pretty effectually squelches anything like speculation, as speculators do not care about "loading up" with money at one to one a half per cent. a month.

GRAIN—Wheat is in good demand and in limited supply, and prime Red sells readily at $2,38@2,40. Oats are coming in pretty freely, but as yet prices are unchanged—65@66c on track, and 72@73c for lots in store; sale of 1000 bush private—supposed to be 66c. Corn is quiet and unchanged at $1,28@1,30—demand light. Barley is selling at $1,30 for prime Spring, and about $1,32@1,35 for Fall; sale of 2500 bush on private terms. Rye is quoted at $1,35@1,40—sale of 1200 bushs at $1,40.

FLOUR—Is quiet and firm, but unchanged—$10,50@11,00 for Spring Wheat; $11,50@12,00 for Winter Wheat; and $13,50@14,50 for fancy brands. It is probable that the recent copious rains in the West, will ease up the Flour market by removing the apprehensions in regard to the Wheat which was sown this fall. Rye flour quoted at $5@5,25.

PROVISIONS—Bacon is quiet and unchanged at 14¼c@14¾c for Shoulders; 17c@18c for Ribbed and Clear Sides; 22c for Plain Sugar Cured Hams, and 23c for Canvassed do. Lard is still quoted at 14c, and Mess Pork $24,50@25.

SEEDS—Timothy Seed is being sold in a retail way at $2,75. Flaxseed is a little weak, and prices are tending downward. Cloverseed is nominal at $6@8,50.

BUTTER—Prime fresh Butter is scarce and in good demand, while common is dull and neglected. We now quote at 30@35c for good to prime packed, and 38@40c for prime Roll.

EGGS—A shade firmer, and with diminished arrivals, fresh packed may be quoted at 21c 22c per dozen.

CHEESE—Is firm with an improved demand and prices are well sustained, ranging from 14 to 15c as to quality.

APPLES—In good supply, but with a steady demand, prices are maintained, ranging from $2@4 per bbl, as to quality.

POTATOES—New Jersey Sweets are being sold readily at $4,50@5 per bbl, and arrivals light.

OIL—Lard Oil is firm but unchanged at 90c for No. 2, and $1,10 for No. 1.

HAY—Is steady, with a fair demand, and we now report regular sales at $18@20 per ton, according to quality.

PITTSBURGH PETROLEUM MARKET

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, SATURDAY, October 5, 1867.

CRUDE—The market was considerably excited to-day, under the influence of the news from Antwerp quoting at fifty seven and a half francs, and while the sales, in the aggregate, were not unusually large, prices are higher, and but little offering. We can report a sale of 1000 bbls spot—the seller to take it from tank and deliver it in bulk boats at the buyer's landing, at 14, and 2000 bbls—a resale of an early date and lot, buyer's option, contract—at 15c, difference in cash. Spot oil, that is for round lots in tank, may be fairly quoted at 14c. For all 1867, we continue to quote at 12@12¼c, seller's option, and 13@13½c, buyer's option, and 12@12½c, to be delivered on first water. The market, upon the whole, is in an excited and confused condition, and operators are at a loss to know what course is best for them to pursue, for it can not be judged by the past, is full of uncertainties.

REFINED—The market for bonded oil continues firm and somewhat excited, although compared with yesterday, prices are without quotable change. We can report a sale of 4500 bbls for all October, buyer's option, at 36c; and 500 bbls for same delivery at same price. The last three months may be fairly quoted at 35c, while November, buyer's option, would doubtless command 36½c. There has been a fair business during the week which has just closed, and compared with the early part of the week, prices have advanced materially, and even at the advance, there is no disposition manifested on the part of holders to force sales, as some entertain the belief that the top has not been touched. The shipments during the week have been larger than usual, and the stock in Philadelphia is reported as being unusually heavy.

ARRIVALS—The arrivals of oil during the week ending to-day, were as follows—all by rail.

J. T. Glass	622	Fisher & Bro	1220
P. Weisenberger	200	W. McCutcheon	300
W. Wilson	45	Artesco Oil Co	100
Thomas Oil Works	30	Jas. Wilson	100
Sly & Pinkerton	33	Buffum & Kehew	163
Total			2883
Total receipts last week			1872
Total receipts since Jan. 1			807,413

OIL SHIPPED EAST BY A. V. R. R.

Clark & Sumner, 87 bbls ref., to Tack, Bro. & Co., Philadelphia.

Lockart & Frew, 352 do do, Philadelphia.

Nat. Ref. Co., 245 do do to F. A. Dilworth & Co., Philadelphia.

J. Meyer & Co., 400 do do to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Monnichmer, Koehler & Co., 350 do to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Braun & Wagner, 403 do to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Clark & Bumper, 248 do to P. Wright & Son Philadelphia.

J. G. Kirkpatrick, 169 do to Waring, King & Co, Philadelphia.

Fawcett, Logan & Stockdale, 180 do do to J. P. Logan, Philadelphia.

OIL SHIPPED EAST FROM BUSHNELL DEPOT.

P. Weisenberger & Co., 169 bbls refined to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Duncan & Williams, 97 do do to W. P. Logan Philadelphia.

T. Petty, 60 do do to W. G. Warden, Philadelphia.

G. Kelly, 149 do crude, G. B. Thompson, Wilmington, Delaware.

New York Produce Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW YORK, October 5.—Cotton lower; sales of 1,800 bales at 19½@20c for middling uplands. Flour; receipts, 15,190 bbls; opened very firm and closed quiet with buyers more disposed to realize; sales of 76,000 bbls, including 3,000 bbls extra State, November, on private terms, at $8,90@9,75 for superfine State and Western, $10,40@13,90 for extra Western, $10,70@13,70 for R. H. O., $11,00@16,75 for Ss. Louis; California Flour firmer; sales of 1,800 bbls at $11,50@15,50. Sales of 600 bbls Rye Flour at $7,50@9,00. Whisky irregular; sales of 1,200 bbls Western at 34@ 36c bonded. Wheat; receipts, 134,114 bus; new spring active and 1@2c lower; sales of 39,000 bus at $2,32½ for No. 2 spring, to arrive, $2,40 @2,45 for No. 1 do on spot, $2,37 for No. 3 do, and 1 do rejected, and $3,00@3,05 for white California. Rye very firm. Barley firmer; sales of 2,000 bus Canada West at $1,90. Barley Malts dull. Corn; receipts, 177,299 bus; opened a shade better and closed heavy and drooping; sales of 37,000 bus at $1,33@1,35 for mixed Western in store and afloat. Oats; receipts, 154,381 bus; firmer and more active; sales of 210,000 bus at 76½@ 77½c for Ohio and Indiana; closed at 76c. Coal; foreign quiet; sales of 300 tons Liverpool house cannel at 17@18c; domestic unchanged. Leather; Hemlock sole in progress of demand, at 29@30c for Buenos Ayres, light weights; 29@31c for middle do; 30@32c for heavy do; 28½@29c for California, light weights; 29@30c for middle do, and 29@30c for heavy do. Wool heavy and lower; sales of 100,000 pounds, at 60@65c for domestic fleece; 42c for combing; 30@40c for mixed; 40c for Noils; 28@33c for Texas, and 18@21½c for Mexican, Persian, Donskie Cape and Mestiga, on private terms. Rye coffee quiet; sales of 200 bags of Rio on private terms. Sugar quiet; sales of 900 hhds of Cuba at 11¾@12¾c. Molasses dull. Petroleum dull, at 14¼@15c for crude and 33c for refined bonded. Hops quiet and unchanged. Pork quiet, steady and unchanged. Beef quiet and more firmly; sales of 2,750 barrels, at $25,50@ 28,75 for mess, closing at $25,75 regular, and $30,00@31,00 for extra. Beef steady; sales of 100 barrels at previous prices. Beef Hams dull. Bacon quiet. Cut Meats unchanged; sales of 75 pkgs Shoulders, at 16@18½c for shoulders at 16@18½c for hams. Lard steady but more active; sales of 1,000 barrels at 14½@15c; small lots at 15c. Butter steady at 16@28c for Ohio and 30@37c for State. Cheese 10@16c. Freights to Liverpool quiet and firm.

LATER.—Flour closed quiet, with holders more disposed to realize. Wheat dull and 1@2c lower. Rye nominal, at $1,60@1,62 for Western. Oats firm, at 77@78c for Chicago and Ohio. Corn dull and heavy, at $1,32@ 1,34½ for good to prime mixed Western. Pork moderately active and firm; sales 2,000 bbls Mess at $25,00@25,50 cash and regular. Beef nominal. Lard quiet and unchanged. Bacon dull. Lard steady, at 14¾ @14¾c for good to prime steam and kettle rendered.

Cincinnati Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

CINCINNATI, October 5.—Evening.—Flour is in good demand and the market firmer; Family, $12@12,25. Wheat is firmer but the offerings are light; No 1 Red, $2,65; holders asking $2,70. Corn has advanced to $1,00. Oats firm at 65c and the demand good. Rye has advanced to $1,50 and the demand is light. Barley must be quoted at $1,60@1,70 for No 1 and coarse fair; the demand is good and the offerings are light. Cotton is dull and the demand light; Middling, 18½@19c. Whiskey unchanged; sales of 300 bbls in lots at 36c. Provisions firm. Mess Pork, $24. Bulk Meats firm; no sides in the market; shoulders, 13c; one hundred thousand pounds sides sold at 15c, delivered at Xenia, Ohio. Bacon firmer; shoulders, 13½@14c; the latter the rate asked; clear Rib and sweetenwaw, 17½@18½c, with sales of 100 bbds; the demand for bacon is chiefly from the south. Lard firm but quiet at 13½c. Butter quoted and firm at 30@35c for fresh. Cheese firm at 15c. Clover seed dull at $8@ 8,50. Timothy at $2,00@2,50. Flaxseed is in demand at $2,25@2,30; the latter for choice well cleaned. Hay firm at $17@18, on arrival. Potatoes are plenty and dull at $3,00. Tobacco firm and the demand good; sales of twenty hhds and 11 boxes leaf; prices are unchanged; leaf, 15@35c; lugs, 4@10. Gold, 144¾@144¾. The demand for money is active at 8@10 per cent. for the best paper.

Cleveland Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

CLEVELAND, October 5.—Flour is firm and some grades of city brands are higher; demand fair; sales of 600 bbls at $11,25@11,75; no sales of red winter at $2,60@2,70; no amber at $2,50@2,75; treble extra white at $13,25@13,75; country brands irregular but firm; sales of 100 bbls of double extra at $12,00@ 12,25. Wheat is firmer and more active spring at $2,50@2,60; 100 do do red winter at $2,50. Wheat very firm and 3 better; No 1 red winter at $2,65; No. 2 do do at $2,55; No 1 Mixed do spring on the spot at $2,52@2,55. Corn better and more of a speculative demand; No. 1 do spot at $1,31, and for future delivery at $1,12@1,13. Oats firm and 1c better; No. 1 State from store at 66c. Rye firm and nominally better; No. 1 at $1,40@1,45. Barley quiet and nominal. Petroleum unchanged and firm; standard white in bond at 36@36c; prime light straw to white at 49 @50c; light straw at 47@48c.

Financial Matters in New York.

Gold Closed at 144¾.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, Oct. 5, 1867.

MONEY AND GOLD.

Money continues active, but scarcely so firm as yesterday. Call loans, 7 per cent. Sterling is quiet at 109@109¼, gold, for first class bills. Gold is without any decided change, opening at 144¾, advancing to 144¾, and closing at 144¾. The exports of specie to-day amounted to $108,000.

GOVERNMENT

Stocks are a shade better. Coupons, '81, 110¾; do '62, 112¼; do '64, 108¾; do '65, 108¾; do new, 107¼; do '67, 107½; Ten-Forties, 100¾; Seven-Thirties, 106.

STOCKS.

Stocks active, excited and higher, closing firm. Canton, 44½; Cumberland, 29@31; U. S. Express, 58; Wells, 35¼; Merchants Union, 24; Adams, 40; American, 58; Quicksilver, 40 @42½; Mariposa, 9@9c; Pacific Mail, 141@ 141¼; Atlantic, 112½@113½; Western Union Telegraph, 36¾@36¾; New York Central, 112@112¾; Erie, 65¾@66; Hudson, 128¾@130; Reading, 101¾@102; Ohio Certificates, 27; Wabash preferred, 64; St. Paul, 42; do. preferred, 65¾; Michigan Central, 109½; Michigan Southern, 81¾@82; Illinois Central, 122; Pittsburgh, 79¾@80; Toledo, 128@129; Rock Island, 103½@103¾; Northwestern, 43¾@44½; do. preferred, 67¾@67¾; Fort Wayne, 100¾ @101.

MINING SHARES.

Mining shares dull: Gregory 5,90@5,95; Corydon 80; Eldorado, 3,60; Edge Hill, 4,75; Davidson, 1,65; Rocky Mountain, 64; Quartz Hill, 1,45; Sensenderfer, 10,15.

SUB-TREASURY RECEIPTS.

Receipts of sub-Treasury $4,258,934; payments $5,455,109, balance $105,754,219.

BANK STATEMENT.

Loans, $3,984,382; in specie, $27,360; circulation, $31,088; deposits, $2,361,686; increase of legal tenders, $502,305.

REMARKS.

The shipments of currency West for the week were about six millions, making fifty millions since August. The Assistant Treasurer bought about three millions of 7-30 notes during the week, and sold a half a million in gold. The Assistant Treasurer has commenced the issue of three per cent. certificates in exchange for compound interest notes. The imports for the week were $4,525,502, including $1,536,18? in dry goods.

Buffalo Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BUFFALO, October 5.—Flour in good demand, closing with an advance of 25c asked on spring; sales 1,800 bbls. at $13 for choice white Michigan, $12,25 for white western, $11,50 for amber Illinois, and $10,50 for western. Wheat dull but firm; market nearly bare; sales 2000 bush. white Canada at $2,80, 1000 bush. white Michigan at $2,90, and 3,300 bush. No. 1 Milwaukee club at $2,20. Racine and Chicago held at $2,15. Corn dull but 2@3c higher, closing firm; held at $1,20 for No. 2 western; sales 48,000 bush. at $1,17@1,19¼—inside figure early—for No. 2 western. Oats advanced, closing firm; sales 70,000 bush. western at 66c on spot and to arrive. Rye nominally unchanged. Barley quiet; sales 9000 bush. No. 2 western at $1,30. Canada was quoted at $1,35. Mess Pork $24,50 for heavy. Lard 15@15½c. High wines; no sales except at retail. Receipts—wheat 64,000 bus; oats 97,000 bush; barley 14,000 bush; flour 26,000 bbls. Shipments—flour 850 bbls; corn 30,000 bush; wheat 71,000 bush; oats 98,000 bush; barley 18,000 bush; rye 13,000 bush. Freights unchanged.

Chicago Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

CHICAGO, October 5.—Weather cloudy and cool. Flour active and 15@25c higher, at $9 @10,50 for spring extras. Wheat opened firm and 3@5c higher; sales at $2,27@2,28 for No. 1, and $1,84@2,26 for No. 2, closing steady at $1,26¾ for No. 1. Corn active and 1@2c higher, at $1,00@1,01 for No. 2, and $1,05@1,06¾ for No. 2. Oats active and 2@3c higher, closing steady at 54@56. Rye opened steady and 2c higher, but after words weakened and closed at $1,30 for No. 1, and $1,28 for No. 2. Barley active and 4@5c higher, at $1,14@$1,15 for No. 2, and $1,20@1,21 for rejected, closing at $1,18 for No. 2 and $1,06 for rejected. Provisions quiet. Mess Pork $24. Lard 13½@13¾c. Receipts—11,000 bbls flour, 131,000 bu wheat, 83,000 bu corn, 28,000 bu oats, 500 hogs. Shipments—6,000 bbls flour, 167,500 bu wheat, 77,000 bu corn, 24,000 bu oats. Freights quiet and 5c lower.

St. Louis Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

ST. LOUIS, Oct 5.—Tobacco was in good demand at full prices, but quiet and dull; changed. Cotton and hemp; nothing doing. Flour; buyers stood off in consequence of the advance in freights to the South, and the market was very firm; extra $8@9,00; double extra $9,25@11,80; choice $12,25@14,00. Wheat stiff and fall advanced 2@3c; white $2,35; red $2,35@2,35; spring advanced 2@3c; sales at $1,90@1,95. Corn dull; $1,03@1,06 for mixed; $1,07 for prime white. Oats firm at 58@60c. Barley flat at $1,20 for prime spring. Rye advanced to $1,10@1,20. Pork quiet at $24,50. Bacon higher; 18½@19c for sides; 14½c for shoulders; 16c for plain hams; 25@26c for sugar cured. Lard 14c for choice, in tierces. Receipts—Flour 4,300 bbls; wheat 8,630 bus; corn 2,137 bus; oats 3,613 bus; rye 784 bus; barley 3,658 bus. The weather was clear and cool.

Toledo Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

TOLEDO, October 5.—Receipts—3,703 bbls. Flour; the market is firm and quiet. Receipts of 12,237 bu. Wheat; white wheat is 2@c better, and amber is 1c lower; spring wheat is steady; sales of white at $2,90@2,92, amber, do, $2,66@2,68; the market closing at $2,67 for No. 1, spring; $2,15 for No. 2, do. Oats; receipts 2,747 bu; the market is 1@2c better; sales of No. 1 Wabash at $1,15; No 2, do., $1,12@1,13; Michigan, $1,11@1,12. Oats—receipts, 9,940 bu, the market is a shade better; sales of No. 1 at 62½c; No. 2, 60c. Rye—receipts, 500 bu; the market is unchanged; sales of No. 1 at $1,30. Barley—receipts, 1,960 bu. the market is steady; sales of No. 2 at $1,18. Seed—sales of Flaxseed at $2,45. Lake Freights—3½c per bu. on Corn; 4c on Wheat to Buffalo; 3c on Corn, 3c per bu. on Wheat to Oswego.

New Orleans Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 5.—Cotton in fair demand; sales of 2500 bales; middling at 17¼@18c. Receipts, 1,186 bales; exports 1649 bales. Flour 1s held at an advance of 25@50c; superfine $10,50@11,00; extras, $11,50@12,00; double extras, $12,50@13,00. Corn advanced, closing firm; sales 70,000 bush. western at 66c on spot and to arrive. Rye nominally unchanged. Barley quiet; sales 9000 bush. No. 2 western at $1,30. Lard was quoted at $1,35. Mess Pork $24,50 for heavy. Lard 15¾@16c. High wines; no sales except at retail. Receipts—wheat 64,000 bus; oats 97,000 bush; barley 14,000 bush; flour 26,000 bbls. Shipments—flour 850 bbls; corn 30,000 bush; wheat 71,000 bush; oats 98,000 bush; barley 18,000 bush; rye 13,000 bush. Freights unchanged.

Milwaukee Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

MILWAUKEE, October 5.—Flour is firm; city double extra at $10,25@10,75; country do do $9,50@9,75, and $8@9,50 for single extra. Wheat is quiet at $1,98 for No 1, and $1,95 for No 2. Oats active at 53@54c for No 2. Corn is very scarce at $1,10 for No 2. Freights are quiet; wheat to Buffalo, 9½c, and to Oswego, 15c. Receipts—9,500 barrels flour; 164,000 bushels wheat; 26,000 bushels oats; 12,000 bushels corn. Shipments—17,000 bbls flour; 91,000 bushels wheat, and 1,500 bushels corn.

Oswego Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

OSWEGO, October 5.—Flour active and steady. Wheat better, but quiet; sales early 1,000 bushels No. 1 Milwaukee club at $2,50. Corn; no sales. Oats active and firm for No 2; sales 7,700 bus Canadian at $1,44. Peas, $1,25 in bond for Canadian. Lake freights, 10@10½c for wheat. Receipts—12,000 bbls flour; 14,500 bus wheat; 16,300 bus corn; 17,500 bus barley; 15,400 bus peas; 7,900 bus oats.

Louisville Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

LOUISVILLE, Oct. 5.—Sales 75 hhds tobacco; inquiry light; leaf $4,25; medium $2,25. Flour $8@8,25 for superfine; No 1 at $12,75. Wheat $2,50. Corn—shelled bulk $1,05. Oats—bulk 59@60c. Provisions—Shoulders 14½c; clear sides, 18@19½. Lard 16c in tierces. Mess pork $24 50. Whisky nominal. Cotton 18½c.

Memphis Market

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

MEMPHIS, Oct. 5.—Cotton 17½@18c; exports to-day, 726 bales; receipts 518 bales; exports for the week, 1,944; receipts for the week, 1,939. Corn $1,25. Hay $26@27. Pork $24@ @27,75. Bacon—shoulders 15 to 16c; clear sides 18@19½c. Lard 18@19c.

Baltimore Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

BALTIMORE, Oct. 5.—Flour quiet and firm. Wheat stronger; prime white $2,75@2,76 and very scarce; prime red steady. Rye firm, at $1,50@1,60. Provisions buoyant. Bacon—shoulders 14½c; rib sides 17½c; clear sides 18½@19c.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD, October 5.—4 cars pig iron, Nimick & Co; 64 pcs marble, Wilson & Wright; 860 ft lumber, W H Sigdon & Co; 351 bloom irons, P Dalzell & Co; 12 cars iron, Graff J & Black; 1 do do, J Painter & Son; 1 do do, Bryce & Cauchey; 2 do do, Lewis, Oliver & Phillips; 1 do do, McKnight, Ford & Co; 1 do do, Jones & Laughlins; 1 do do, Stone, John L, L Knox; 1 do do keg, J J Bender; 1 do barley, Culp & Shepard; 1 do clay, Robinson, Rea & Co; 40 bbls apples, Graff & Co; 20 sks oats, S R Patterson; 1 sewing machine, Wm Sanmer; 10 kgs lard, Campe, Moye & Co; 30 sks timothy seed, Shupert & Co; 50 sks hides, Wm Noble; 1 ck cheese, John Forlan; 1 do do, F Shields; 6 bbls apples, Graff & Cook; 2 cars hay, Craig; 1 car iron ore, Shank, Chalfant & Co; 1 car lumber, and shingles, McCurdy & McGinnis; 2 cars limestone Superior Iron Works; 75 sks oats, Joe Vandine.

PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE R. R., October 5.—85 sks wheat, Liggett & Co; 7 do corn, W Moore; 21 do oats, Aimant & Co; 2 cars metal, S M Wickersham; 27 coils rope, Fulton, Holman & Co; 77 kegs nuts, Lewis, Oliver & Phillips; 1 car tan bark, Lappe & Weise; 56 bbls cement, O B Leeche; 8 hids, 18 sheep pelts, A Kahn & Co.

FOR SALE.—We have for sale several good second-hand

Iron Turning Lathes,

Especially adapted for turning axles. We offer the above at reasonable rates.

Also, ONE ENGINE, 16 inch cylinder, 20 inch stroke, on iron bed; boiler 40 inches diameter, 26 feet long, two 12 inch flues.

Enquire at the INDUSTRIAL WORKS,

HUGH M. BOLE & CO.,

Corner Point Alley & Duquesne Way.

jel3:d&s8 Pittsburgh, Pa.

AMERICAN

Fence Manufacturing Co.

A new and very desirable FENCING for private residences or public grounds, cemetery lots, &c., is now offered to the public at prices below the cost of iron railing, and about as durable. Specimens of these fences can be seen at No. 4 FEDERAL STREET, Allegheny City. Any pattern or style of these fences can be furnished at short notice. Call and satisfy yourself that it is the cheapest and most beautiful fence now made.

Also, a general assortment of COUNTER and PLATFORM SCALES, are kept for sale, at No. 41 FEDERAL ST., Allegheny City.

PETER PETERSON.

au20:d3m

J. SCHOONMAKER & SON

Proprietors of the

PITTSBURGH

White Lead and Color Works,

Manufacturers of

WHITE AND RED LEAD,

ZINC, PUTTY, BLUE LEAD,

COLORS GROUND IN OIL, VERDITER GREEN, &c.

And all colors dry or in oil.

Office, No. 67 FOURTH STREET.

Factory, Nos. 450, 452, 454, 456 and 458 Ross Street, and 52, 54 and 56 Locust Street, Allegheny. my16:d&s87

H. K. TYLER. F. F. ROBINSON.

TYLER & ROBINSON,

(Successors to JAMES CHALFANT,)

MANUFACTURERS OF

LOG PUMPS,

and all kinds of WOODEN TUBING, corner of WEST and THIRD Sts., Allegheny City. Orders by mail promptly attended to. Repairing done at short notice. my17:d&s

UNION ENTERPRISE FOUNDRY,

WM. M. JOHNSTON,

Manufacturer of COOKING STOVES, RANGES, GRATES, FENDERS, ASH WEIGHTS, and all kinds of HOLLOW WARE, CAR WHEELS and AXLES of MACHINERY CASTINGS, corner of WATSON and MILVALE STREETS, foot of Main street, Birmingham, Pittsburgh, Pa.

SUNDRIES.

2,0 casks common Soda Ash;
50 " Refined "
100 bbls. White Lime;
10 " Manganese;
30 " Missouri Fire Clay;
75 " Cleveland " "
75 " Goshen " "
2,000 pigs Lead;

In store and for sale by

J. E. CANFIELD & SON.

feo1

MISCELLANEOUS.

TO WHEAT GROWERS.

EUREKA AMMONIATED BONE

Super-Phosphate of Lime.

MANUFACTURED BY

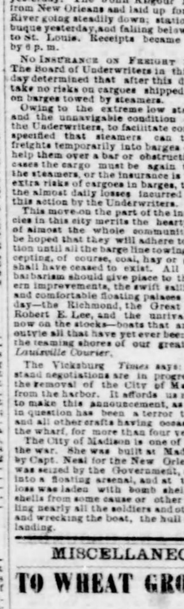
THE ALLEGHENY FERTILIZER CO.,

SEWARD & CASPELL,

PROPRIETORS.

Office, 356 Penn St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

The best Fertilizer in use, and recognized by all Farmers who have given it a trial, to be the standard for raising large crops of Wheat, Rye, Oats, Corn, Potatoes, &c. We have just issued for gratuitous circulation a pamphlet containing interesting and true statements on this Fertilizer, copies of which will be sent free to any sending us their address.



FOR SALE.—We have for sale several good second-hand

Iron Turning Lathes,

Especially adapted for turning axles. We offer the above at reasonable rates.

Also, ONE ENGINE, 16 inch cylinder, 20 inch